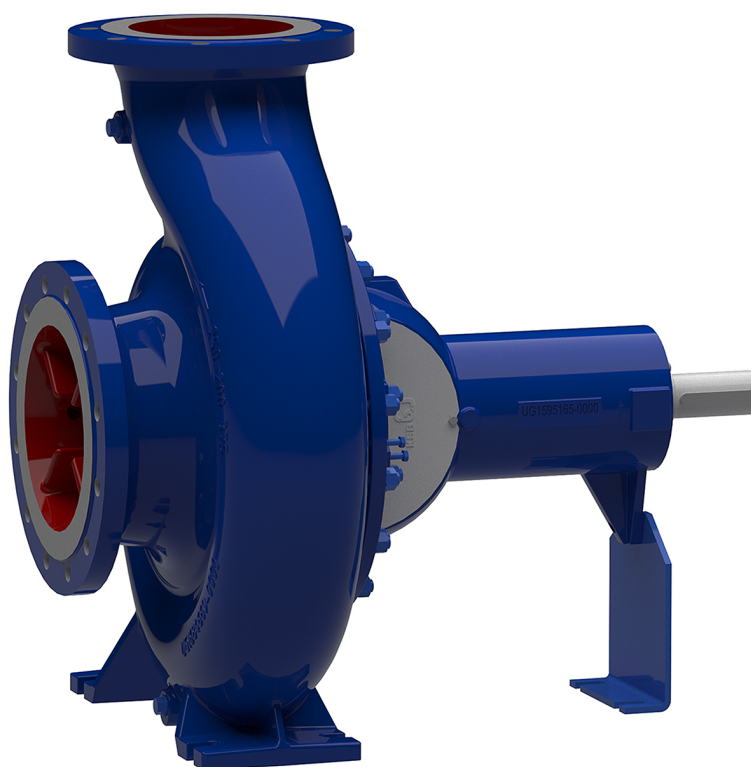




Etanorm

Complementary Sizes

Installation/Operating Manual



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Installation/Operating Manual Etanorm

Original operating manual

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Contents

	Glossary	6
1	General	7
1.1	Principles	7
1.2	Installation of partly completed machinery	7
1.3	Target group	7
1.4	Other applicable documents	7
1.5	Symbols	7
1.6	Key to safety symbols/markings	8
2	Safety	9
2.1	General	9
2.2	Intended use	9
2.3	Personnel qualification and training	9
2.4	Consequences and risks caused by non-compliance with this manual	10
2.5	Safety awareness	10
2.6	Safety information for the operator/user	10
2.7	Safety information for maintenance, inspection and installation	10
2.8	Unauthorised modes of operation	11
2.9	Explosion protection	11
2.9.1	Marking	11
2.9.2	Temperature limits	11
2.9.3	Monitoring equipment	12
2.9.4	Operating limits	12
3	Transport/Storage/Disposal	13
3.1	Checking the condition upon delivery	13
3.2	Transport	13
3.3	Storage/preservation	14
3.4	Return to supplier	14
3.5	Disposal	15
4	Description of the Pump (Set)	16
4.1	General description	16
4.2	Product information	16
4.2.1	Product information as per Ecodesign for Energy-Related Products Regulations 2010	16
4.2.2	Product information as per Regulation No. 1907/2006 (REACH)	16
4.3	Designation	16
4.4	Name plate	19
4.5	Design details	19
4.6	Configuration and function	21
4.7	Noise characteristics	22
4.8	Dimensions and weights	22
4.9	Scope of supply	22
5	Installation at Site	24
5.1	Safety regulations	24
5.2	Checks to be carried out prior to installation	24
5.3	Installing the pump set	24
5.3.1	Installation on the foundation	25
5.3.2	Installation without foundation	26
5.4	Piping	26
5.4.1	Connecting the piping	26
5.4.2	Permissible forces and moments at the pump nozzles	28
5.4.3	Vacuum balance line	29
5.4.4	Auxiliary connections	29

5.5	Enclosure/insulation.....	30
5.6	Checking the coupling alignment	30
5.7	Aligning the pump and motor	33
5.7.1	Motors with adjusting screw	33
5.7.2	Motors without adjusting screw.....	34
5.8	Electrical connection	35
5.8.1	Setting the time relay.....	35
5.8.2	Earthing.....	35
5.8.3	Connecting the motor	36
5.9	Checking the direction of rotation	36
6	Commissioning/Start-up/Shutdown	37
6.1	Commissioning/Start-up	37
6.1.1	Prerequisites for commissioning/start-up.....	37
6.1.2	Filling in the lubricants.....	37
6.1.3	Priming and venting the pump	38
6.1.4	Final check	39
6.1.5	Start-up.....	40
6.1.6	Checking the shaft seal.....	41
6.1.7	Shutdown	42
6.2	Operating limits.....	43
6.2.1	Ambient temperature	43
6.2.2	Frequency of starts	43
6.2.3	Fluid handled.....	44
6.3	Shutdown/storage/preservation.....	45
6.3.1	Measures to be taken for shutdown.....	45
6.4	Returning to service	45
7	Servicing/Maintenance.....	47
7.1	Safety regulations	47
7.2	Servicing/inspection	48
7.2.1	Supervision of operation.....	48
7.2.2	Inspection work.....	50
7.2.3	Lubrication and lubricant change of rolling element bearings	51
7.3	Drainage/cleaning.....	54
7.4	Dismantling the pump set	54
7.4.1	General information/Safety regulations	54
7.4.2	Preparing the pump set	55
7.4.3	Removing the motor.....	55
7.4.4	Removing the back pull-out unit.....	55
7.4.5	Removing the impeller.....	56
7.4.6	Removing the shaft seal.....	56
7.4.7	Dismantling the bearing assembly.....	57
7.5	Reassembling the pump set.....	57
7.5.1	General information/Safety regulations	57
7.5.2	Installing the bearing assembly.....	58
7.5.3	Fitting the shaft seal.....	59
7.5.4	Fitting the impeller.....	62
7.5.5	Installing the back pull-out unit.....	63
7.5.6	Mounting the motor	63
7.6	Tightening torques	64
7.6.1	Tightening torques for the pump	64
7.6.2	Tightening torques for the shaft seal.....	65
7.6.3	Tightening torques for the pump set	65
7.7	Spare parts stock	66
7.7.1	Ordering spare parts	66
7.7.2	Recommended spare parts stock.....	66

8	Trouble-shooting	68
9	Related Documents.....	70
9.1	General assembly drawings.....	70
9.1.1	Version with standardised mechanical seal and bolted casing cover	70
9.1.2	Version with standardised mechanical seal and clamped casing cover	72
9.1.3	Version with gland packing and bolted casing cover.....	74
9.1.4	Version with gland packing and clamped casing cover	76
9.1.5	Version with oil lubrication and constant level oiler.....	78
10	UK Declaration of Conformity.....	80
11	Certificate of Decontamination	81
	Index.....	82

Glossary

ACS

French drinking water regulations (ACS = Attestation de Conformité Sanitaire)

Back pull-out design

The complete back pull-out unit can be pulled out without having to remove the pump casing from the piping.

Back pull-out unit

Pump without pump casing; partly completed machinery

Certificate of decontamination

A certificate of decontamination is enclosed by the customer when returning the product to the manufacturer to certify that the product has been properly drained to eliminate any environmental and health hazards arising from components in contact with the fluid handled.

Discharge line

The pipeline which is connected to the discharge nozzle

Hydraulic system

The part of the pump in which the kinetic energy is converted into pressure energy

Pool of pumps

Customers/operators' pumps which are purchased and stored regardless of their later use.

Pump

Machine without drive, additional components or accessories

Pump set

Complete pump set consisting of pump, drive, additional components and accessories

Suction lift line/suction head line

The pipeline which is connected to the suction nozzle

UBA

German drinking water regulations to German Environment Agency

WRAS

Approved by all water suppliers in the UK (WRAS = Water Regulations Advisory Scheme)

1 General

1.1 Principles

This operating manual is valid for the type series and variants indicated on the front cover.

The operating manual describes the proper and safe use of this equipment in all phases of operation.

The name plate indicates the type series and size, the main operating data, the order number and the order item number. The order number and order item number clearly identify the pump set and serve as identification for all further business processes.

In the event of damage, immediately contact your nearest KSB service facility to maintain the right to claim under warranty.

1.2 Installation of partly completed machinery

To install partly completed machinery supplied by KSB refer to the sub-sections under Servicing/Maintenance.

1.3 Target group

This operating manual is aimed at the target group of trained and qualified specialist technical personnel. (⇒ Section 2.3, Page 9)

1.4 Other applicable documents

Table 1: Overview of other applicable documents

Document	Contents
Data sheet	Description of the technical data of the pump (set)
General arrangement drawing / outline drawing	Description of mating dimensions and installation dimensions for the pump (set), weights
Drawing of auxiliary connections	Description of auxiliary connections
Hydraulic characteristic curve	Characteristic curves showing head, NPSH required, efficiency and power input
General assembly drawing ¹⁾	Sectional drawing of the pump
Sub-supplier product literature ¹⁾	Operating manuals and other product literature describing accessories and integrated machinery components
Spare parts lists ¹⁾	Description of spare parts
Piping layout ¹⁾	Description of auxiliary piping
List of components ¹⁾	Description of all pump components
Assembly drawing ¹⁾	Sectional drawing of the installed shaft seal

For accessories and/or integrated machinery components, observe the relevant manufacturer's product literature.

1.5 Symbols

Table 2: Symbols used in this manual

Symbol	Description
✓	Conditions which need to be fulfilled before proceeding with the step-by-step instructions
▷	Safety instructions
⇒	Result of an action
⇨	Cross-references

¹ If included in agreed scope of supply

Symbol	Description
1. 2.	Step-by-step instructions
	Note Recommendations and important information on how to handle the product

1.6 Key to safety symbols/markings

Table 3: Definition of safety symbols/markings

Symbol	Description
 DANGER	DANGER This signal word indicates a high-risk hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
 WARNING	WARNING This signal word indicates a medium-risk hazard which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
 CAUTION	CAUTION This signal word indicates a hazard which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the machine and its functions.
	Explosion protection This symbol identifies information about avoiding explosions in potentially explosive atmospheres in accordance with the UK regulation titled Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016.
	General hazard In conjunction with one of the signal words this symbol indicates a hazard which will or could result in death or serious injury.
	Electrical hazard In conjunction with one of the signal words this symbol indicates a hazard involving electrical voltage and identifies information about protection against electrical voltage.
	Machine damage In conjunction with the signal word CAUTION this symbol indicates a hazard for the machine and its functions.



2 Safety

All the information contained in this section refers to hazardous situations.

In addition to the present general safety information the action-related safety information given in the other sections must be observed.

2.1 General

- This operating manual contains general installation, operating and maintenance instructions that must be observed to ensure safe operation of the system and prevent personal injury and damage to property.
- Comply with all the safety instructions given in the individual sections of this operating manual.
- The operating manual must be read and understood by the responsible specialist personnel/operators prior to installation and commissioning.
- The contents of this operating manual must be available to the specialist personnel at the site at all times.
- Information and markings attached directly to the product must always be complied with and kept in a perfectly legible condition at all times. This applies to, for example:
 - Arrow indicating the direction of rotation
 - Markings for connections
 - Name plate
- The operator is responsible for ensuring compliance with all local regulations not taken into account.

2.2 Intended use

- The pump (set) must only be operated in the fields of application and within the use limits specified in the other applicable documents.
- Only operate pumps/pump sets which are in perfect technical condition.
- Do not operate the pump (set) in partially assembled condition.
- Only use the pump (set) to handle the fluids described in the data sheet or product literature of the pump variant.
- Never operate the pump (set) without the fluid to be handled.
- Observe the minimum flow rate and maximum flow rate indicated in the data sheet or product literature (to prevent overheating, mechanical seal damage, cavitation damage, bearing damage, etc).
- Always operate the pump (set) in the direction of rotation it is intended for.
- Do not throttle the flow rate on the suction side of the pump (to prevent cavitation damage).
- Consult the manufacturer about any use or mode of operation not described in the data sheet or product literature.

2.3 Personnel qualification and training

All personnel involved must be fully qualified to transport, install, operate, maintain and inspect the machinery this manual refers to.

The responsibilities, competence and supervision of all personnel involved in transport, installation, operation, maintenance and inspection must be clearly defined by the operator.

Deficits in knowledge must be rectified by means of training and instruction provided by sufficiently trained specialist personnel. If required, the operator can commission the manufacturer/supplier to train the personnel.

Training on the pump (set) must always be supervised by technical specialist personnel.

2.4 Consequences and risks caused by non-compliance with this manual

- Non-compliance with these operating instructions will lead to forfeiture of warranty cover and of any and all rights to claims for damages.
- Non-compliance can, for example, have the following consequences:
 - Hazards to persons due to electrical, thermal, mechanical and chemical effects and explosions
 - Failure of important product functions
 - Failure of prescribed maintenance and servicing practices
 - Hazard to the environment due to leakage of hazardous substances

2.5 Safety awareness

In addition to the safety information contained in this operating manual and the intended use, the following safety regulations shall be complied with:

- Accident prevention, health regulations and safety regulations
- Explosion protection regulations
- Safety regulations for handling hazardous substances
- Applicable standards, directives and laws

2.6 Safety information for the operator/user

- Fit protective equipment (e.g. contact guards) supplied by the operator for hot, cold or moving parts, and check that the equipment functions properly.
- Do not remove any protective equipment (e.g. contact guards) during operation.
- Provide the personnel with protective equipment and make sure it is used.
- Contain leakages (e.g. at the shaft seal) of hazardous fluids handled (e.g. explosive, toxic, hot) so as to avoid any danger to persons and the environment. Adhere to all relevant laws.
- Eliminate all electrical hazards. (In this respect refer to the applicable national safety regulations and/or regulations issued by the local energy supply companies.)
- If stopping the pump does not increase potential risk, fit an emergency-stop control device in the immediate vicinity of the pump (set) during pump set installation.

2.7 Safety information for maintenance, inspection and installation

- Modifications or alterations of the pump (set) are only permitted with the manufacturer's prior consent.
- Use only original spare parts or parts/components authorised by the manufacturer. The use of other parts/components can invalidate any liability of the manufacturer for resulting damage.
- The operator ensures that maintenance, inspection and installation are performed by authorised, qualified specialist personnel who are thoroughly familiar with the manual.
- Only carry out work on the pump (set) during standstill of the pump.
- Only perform work on the pump set when it has been disconnected from the power supply (de-energised).
- The pump (set) must have cooled down to ambient temperature.
- Pump pressure must have been released and the pump must have been drained.
- When taking the pump set out of service always adhere to the procedure described in the manual. (⇒ Section 6.1.7, Page 42) (⇒ Section 6.3, Page 45)
- Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard. (⇒ Section 7.3, Page 54)
- As soon as the work has been completed, re-install and re-activate any safety-relevant devices and protective devices. Before returning the product to service, observe all instructions on commissioning. (⇒ Section 6.1, Page 37)

2.8 Unauthorised modes of operation

Never operate the pump (set) outside the limits stated in the data sheet and in this operating manual.

The warranty relating to the operating reliability and safety of the pump (set) supplied is only valid if the equipment is used in accordance with its intended use.

(⇒ Section 2.2, Page 9)

2.9 Explosion protection

Always observe the information on explosion protection given in this section when operating the product in potentially explosive atmospheres.

Pumps/Pump sets must not be used in potentially explosive atmospheres unless marked as explosion-proof **and** identified as such in the data sheet.

Special conditions apply to the operation of explosion-proof pump sets in accordance with the UK's *Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016*.

Especially adhere to the sections in this manual marked with the symbol opposite and the following sections, (⇒ Section 2.9.1, Page 11) to (⇒ Section 2.9.4, Page 12)

The explosion-proof status of the pump is only assured if the pump is used in accordance with its intended use.

Never operate the product outside the limits stated in the data sheet and on the name plate.

Prevent impermissible modes of operation at all times.



2.9.1 Marking

Pump The marking on the pump refers to the pump part only.

Example of such marking:

II 2G Ex h IIC T5-T1 Gb

Refer to the data sheet for the applicable temperature class.

The pump complies with the requirements of type of protection constructional safety "c" to ISO 80079-37.

Shaft coupling An EC manufacturer's declaration is required for the shaft coupling; the shaft coupling must be marked accordingly.

Motor The motor must be considered separately.

2.9.2 Temperature limits

In normal pump operation, the highest temperatures are to be expected at the surface of the pump casing, at the shaft seal and in the bearing areas.

The surface temperature at the pump casing corresponds to the temperature of the fluid handled. If the pump is heated, the operator of the system is responsible for observing the specified temperature class.

The surfaces in the bearing bracket area must be freely exposed to the atmosphere.

The temperature class specifies the maximum permissible temperature at the surface of the pump set during operation. For the permissible operating temperature of the pump in question and the temperature class refer to the data sheet.

If the pump is to be operated at a higher temperature, the data sheet is missing or if the pump is part of a pool of pumps, contact KSB for the maximum permissible operating temperature.

Temperature class T5 Based on an ambient temperature of 40 °C and proper maintenance and operation, compliance with temperature class T5 is warranted in the area of the rolling element bearings. If the ambient temperature exceeds 40 °C, contact the manufacturer.

2.9.3 Monitoring equipment

The pump (set) must only be operated within the limits specified in the data sheet and on the name plate.

If the system operator cannot warrant compliance with these operating limits, appropriate monitoring devices must be used.

Check whether monitoring equipment is required to ensure that the pump set functions properly.

Contact KSB for further information about monitoring equipment.

2.9.4 Operating limits

The minimum flow rates indicated in refer to water and water-like fluids. Longer operating periods with these fluids and at the flow rates indicated will not cause an additional increase in the temperatures at the pump surface. However, if the physical properties of the fluids handled are different from water, it is essential to check whether an additional heat build-up may occur and if the minimum flow rate must therefore be increased. The calculation formula specified in can be used to check whether an additional heat build-up may lead to a dangerous temperature increase at the pump surface.

3 Transport/Storage/Disposal

3.1 Checking the condition upon delivery

1. On transfer of goods, check each packaging unit for damage.
2. In the event of in-transit damage, assess the exact damage, document it and notify KSB or the supplying dealer and the insurer about the damage in writing immediately.

3.2 Transport

	 DANGER The pump (set) could slip out of the suspension arrangement Danger to life from falling parts! ▷ Always transport the pump (set) in the specified position. ▷ Never attach the suspension arrangement to the free shaft end or the motor eyebolt. ▷ Observe the information about weights, centre of gravity and fastening points. ▷ Observe the applicable local accident prevention regulations. ▷ Use suitable, permitted lifting accessories, e.g. self-tightening lifting tongs.
---	---

To transport the pump/pump set or back pull-out unit suspend it from the lifting tackle as shown.

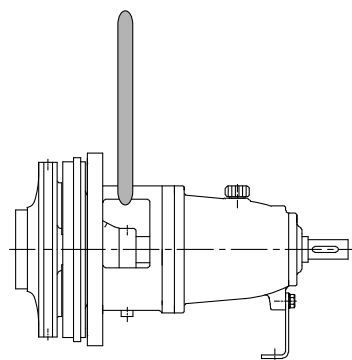


Fig. 1: Transporting the back pull-out unit

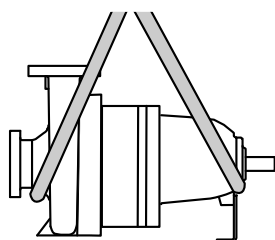


Fig. 2: Transporting the pump

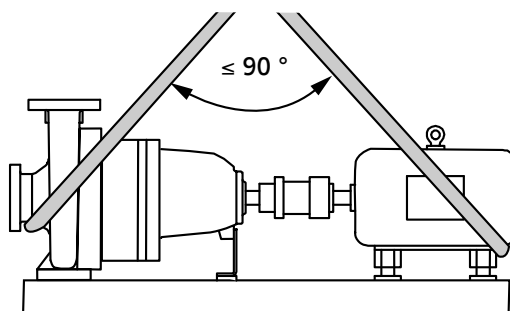


Fig. 3: Transporting the pump set

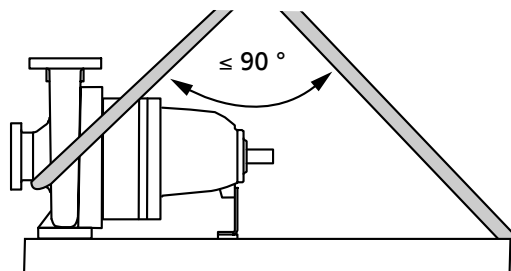


Fig. 4: Transporting the pump on the baseplate

3.3 Storage/preservation

	CAUTION Damage during storage due to humidity, dirt or vermin Corrosion/contamination of the pump (set)! ► For outdoor storage cover the pump (set) or the packaged pump (set) and accessories with waterproof material.
	CAUTION Wet, contaminated or damaged openings and connections Leakage or damage to the pump! ► Clean and cover pump openings and connections as required prior to putting the pump into storage.

If commissioning is to take place some time after delivery, we recommend that the following measures be taken for pump (set) storage.

- Store the pump (set) in a dry, protected room where the atmospheric humidity is as constant as possible.
- Rotate the shaft by hand once a month, e.g. via the motor fan.

If properly stored indoors, the pump set is protected for a maximum of 12 months. New pumps/pump sets are supplied by our factory duly prepared for storage.

For storing a pump (set) which has already been operated, the shutdown measures must be adhered to. (⇒ Section 6.3.1, Page 45)

3.4 Return to supplier

1. Drain the pump properly. (⇒ Section 7.3, Page 54)
2. Flush and clean the pump, particularly if it has been used for handling noxious, explosive, hot or other hazardous fluids.
3. If the pump has handled fluids whose residues could lead to corrosion damage in the presence of atmospheric humidity or could ignite upon contact with oxygen, the pump must also be neutralised, and anhydrous inert gas must be blown through the pump to ensure drying.
4. Always complete and enclose a certificate of decontamination when returning the pump.
Indicate any safety measures and decontamination measures taken.
(⇒ Section 11, Page 81)

	NOTE If required, a blank certificate of decontamination can be downloaded from the following web site: www.ksb.com/certificate_of_decontamination
---	---

3.5 Disposal

	 WARNING
	Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard Hazard to persons and the environment! ▷ Collect and properly dispose of flushing fluid and any fluid residues. ▷ Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required. ▷ Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.

1. Dismantle the pump (set).
Collect greases and other lubricants during dismantling.
2. Separate and sort the pump materials, e.g. by:
 - Metals
 - Plastics
 - Electronic waste
 - Greases and other lubricants
3. Dispose of materials in accordance with local regulations or in another controlled manner.

4 Description of the Pump (Set)

4.1 General description

- Standardised water pump with shaft seal
- Handling clean or aggressive fluids not chemically and mechanically aggressive to the pump materials.

4.2 Product information

4.2.1 Product information as per Ecodesign for Energy-Related Products Regulations 2010

- This product is designed for use above 120 °C only.
- Further technical data see data sheet.

4.2.2 Product information as per Regulation No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

For information as per European chemicals regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) see <https://www.ksb.com/en-global/company/corporate-responsibility/reach>.

4.3 Designation

Table 4: Designation example

Position																															
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
E	T	N		0	5	0	-	0	3	2	-	1	2	5		G	G	S	A	S	1	1	G	S	E	J	V	2	E	L	B
See name plate and data sheet																															

Table 5: Designation key

Position	Code	Description
1-4	Pump type	
	ETNE	Etanorm complementary sizes
5-16	Size [mm], e.g.	
	050	Nominal suction nozzle diameter
	032	Nominal discharge nozzle diameter
	125	Nominal impeller diameter
17	Pump casing material	
	G	Cast iron EN-GJL-250 / A48 Cl. 35
	S	Nodular cast iron EN-GJS-400-15 / A536 Gr. 60-40-18
	P	Cast iron without protective coating EN-GJL-250 without protective coating
18	Impeller material	
	B	Bronze CC480K-GS / B30 C90700
	C	Stainless steel 1.4408 / A743CF8M
	G	Cast iron EN-GJL-250 / A48 Cl. 35
	O	Cast steel 1.4008 / A743 Gr. CA15
	P	Cast iron without protective coating EN-GJL-250 without protective coating
19	Variant	
	H	Approved for drinking water to ACS
	K	Approved for drinking water to KSB standard
	S	Standard
	U	Approved for drinking water to UBA
	W	Approved for drinking water to WRAS
20	Casing cover connections	

Position	Code	Description
20	A	Conical casing cover without connection
	D	Conical casing cover with connection for external flushing
	E	Conical casing cover with connection for external flushing from discharge nozzle
	F	Cylindrical casing cover for version with gland packing without connection
	G	Cylindrical casing cover for version with gland packing with external barrier fluid or external flushing
	H	Cylindrical casing cover for version with double mechanical seal in tandem arrangement with connection for quench system
	I	Cylindrical casing cover for version with double mechanical seal in back-to-back arrangement with connection for barrier fluid system
	L	Cylindrical casing cover for version with gland packing or single mechanical seal, prepared for internal circulation
21	Shaft seal type	
	A	Single mechanical seal, conical casing cover
	C	Internal circulation with cylindrical casing cover
	G	Internal circulation with cylindrical casing cover for cartridge seal
	1	Gland packing with internal barrier fluid (Na)
	2	Gland packing without barrier fluid (Nb)
22-23	Seal code of gland packing	
	1A	P1, with internal barrier fluid (Na), material RT/P (for hot water of up to 120 °C)
	1B	P2, without barrier fluid (Nb), material RT/P (for hot water of up to 120 °C)
	Seal code, single mechanical seal	
	13	BQ1VGG 5A / 4M $\geq -5 - \leq +120$ [°C]
	19	BQ1EGG 5A $\geq -35 - \leq +120$ [°C]
	22	AQ1EGG 5A / 4M $\geq -35 - \leq +140$ [°C]
	31	BQ7EGG-Y10 DW001 EMG12G6 $\geq -30 - \leq +120$ [°C]
	32	Q7Q7EGG-Y10 DW001 EMG12G6 $\geq -30 - \leq +80$ [°C]
	40	U2U2VGG 4M $\geq -5 - \leq +150$ [°C]
	41	Q1Q1U2GG 5A $\geq -20 - \leq +150$ [°C]
	42	A2Q1TGG 59U $\geq -20 - \leq +180$ [°C]
	43	Q1Q1TGG 59U $\geq -20 - \leq +180$ [°C]
	44	BQ1E4GG 4M $\geq -35 - \leq +120$ [°C]
	47	BQ1U1MG 5KSCB2S $\geq -5 - \leq +120$ [°C]
	48	Q1Q1U1MG 5KSCB2S $\geq -5 - \leq +180$ [°C]
	50	Q7Q7VGG-Y10 EMG12G6 $\geq -30 - \leq +85$ [°C]
	66	Q7Q7EGG 4M $\geq -30 - \leq +140$ [°C]
24	Bearing bracket	
	G	Grease lubrication
	O	Oil lubrication
25	Order type	
	S	KSB standard
	C	Extended standard
	X	Special design
26	Bearing bracket / Shaft unit	
	K	Shaft unit 65
	L	Shaft unit 65.1
	M	Shaft unit 65.2
	N	Shaft unit 85
	O	Shaft unit 85.1

Position	Code	Description
26	P	Shaft unit 85.2
27-28	Motor rating P_N [kW]	
	AJ	0,37
	...	...
	OU	725
29	Number of motor poles	
	4	4 poles
	6	6 poles
30	Scope of supply	
	A	Bare-shaft pump
	B	Bare-shaft pump, baseplate
	C	Pump, baseplate
	D	Pump, baseplate, coupling, coupling guard
	E	Pump, baseplate, coupling, coupling guard, motor
	F	Pump, baseplate, coupling
	G	Back pull-out unit
31	Accessories / Automation	
	A	KSB PumpDrive 2
	B	KSB PumpMeter
	C	KSB PumpDrive 2 + KSB PumpMeter
	E	KSB Guard
	H	None
	J	KSB PumpDrive 2 + KSB Guard
	K	KSB PumpMeter 2 + KSB Guard
	L	KSB PumpDrive 2 + KSB PumpMeter + KSB Guard
	O	KSB PumpDrive R + KSB PumpMeter
	P	KSB PumpDrive R + KSB Guard
	Q	KSB PumpDrive R + KSB PumpMeter + KSB Guard
	R	KSB PumpDrive R
32	Product generation	
	B	Generation B

4.4 Name plate

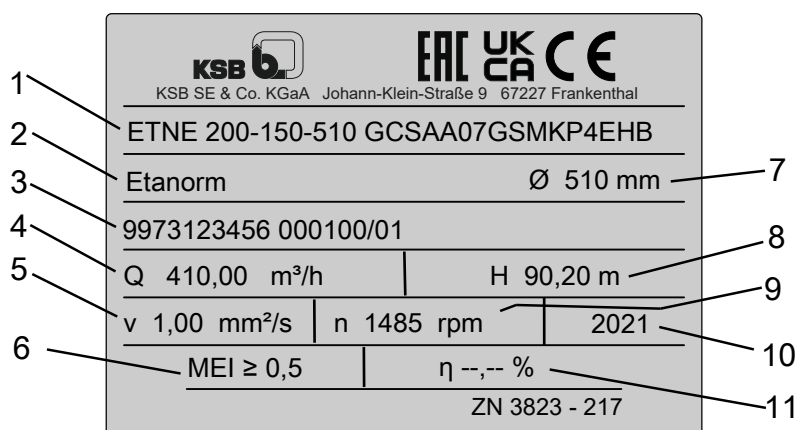


Fig. 5: Name plate (example) Etanorm

1	Type series code, size and version	2	Type series
3	KSB order No., order item No. and consecutive No.	4	Flow rate
5	Kinematic viscosity of the fluid handled	6	Minimum efficiency index
7	Impeller diameter	8	Head
9	Speed	10	Year of construction
11	Efficiency (see data sheet)		

4.5 Design details

Design

- Volute casing pump
- Horizontal installation
- Back pull-out design
- Single-stage

Pump casing

- Radially split volute casing
- Volute casing with integrally cast pump feet
- Replaceable casing wear rings

Impeller type

- Closed radial impeller with multiply curved vanes

Bearings

- Standard bearings
 - Floating bearings: deep groove ball bearings
- Bearings with bearing pedestal
 - Floating bearings: deep groove ball bearings

Shaft seal

- Gland packing
- KSB single mechanical seal
- KSB cartridge seal
- Single mechanical seals and double mechanical seals to EN 12756
- Shaft equipped with replaceable shaft sleeve in the shaft seal area

Example: WS65

Table 6: Bearing bracket designation

Designation	Description
WS	Bearing bracket, standardised water pump
65	Size code (based on dimensions of seal chamber and shaft end)

Bearings used:

Table 7: Standard bearing assembly

Version	Bearing bracket	Rolling element bearings	
		Pump end	Drive end
Standard bearing assembly (grease lubrication)	WA65	6313 2Z C3	6313 2Z C3
	WA85	6317 2Z C3	6317 2Z C3
Standard bearing assembly (oil lubrication)	WA65	6313 C3	6313 C3
	WA85	6317 C3	6317 C3

Lubrication:

- Grease lubrication
- Oil lubrication

4.6 Configuration and function

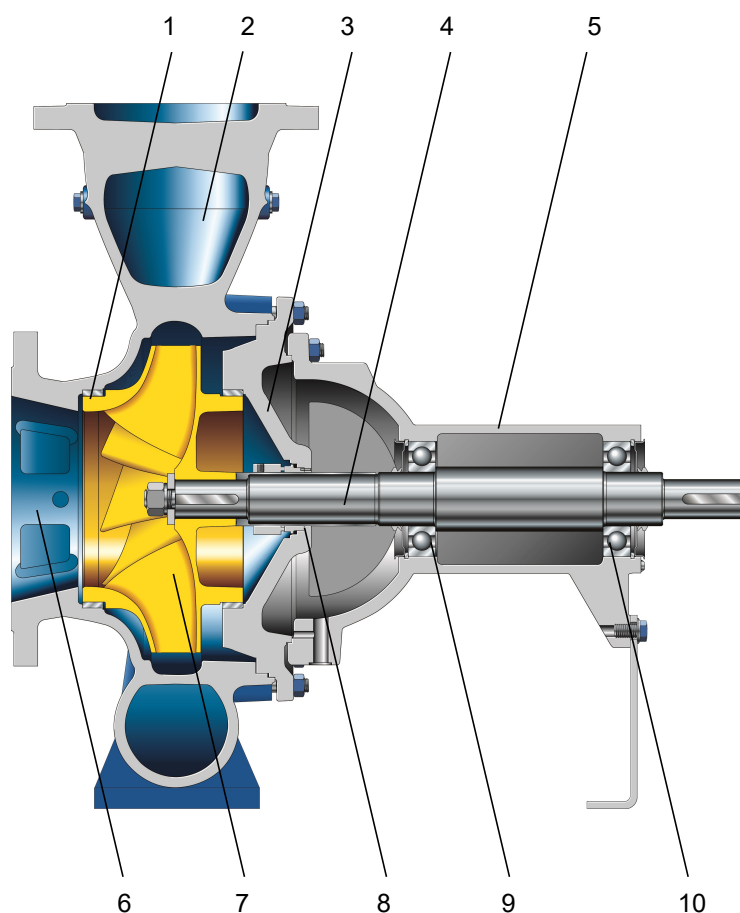


Fig. 6: Sectional drawing

1	Clearance gap	2	Discharge nozzle
3	Casing cover	4	Shaft
5	Bearing bracket	6	Suction nozzle
7	Impeller	8	Shaft seal
9	Rolling element bearing, pump end	10	Rolling element bearing, motor end

Design The pump is designed with an axial fluid inlet and a radial outlet. The hydraulic system runs in its own bearings and is connected to the motor by a shaft coupling.

Function The fluid enters the pump axially via the suction nozzle (6) and is accelerated outward by the rotating impeller (7). In the flow passage of the pump casing the kinetic energy of the fluid is converted into pressure energy. The fluid is pumped to the discharge nozzle (2), where it leaves the pump. The clearance gap (1) prevents any fluid from flowing back from the casing to the suction nozzle. At the rear side of the impeller, the shaft (4) enters the casing via the casing cover (3). The shaft passage through the cover is sealed to atmosphere with a shaft seal (8). The shaft runs in rolling element bearings (9 and 10), which are supported by a bearing bracket (5) linked with the pump casing and/or casing cover.

Sealing The pump is sealed by a shaft seal (standardised mechanical seal or gland packing).

4.7 Noise characteristics

Table 8: Surface sound pressure level $L_{pA}^{2)3)}$

Rated power input P_N [kW]	Pump		Pump set	
	960 rpm [dB]	1450 rpm [dB]	960 rpm [dB]	1450 rpm [dB]
0,55	46	47	54	55
0,75	48	48	55	56
1,1	49	50	56	57
1,5	51	52	56	58
2,2	53	54	58	59
3	54	55	59	60
4	56	57	60	61
5,5	58	59	61	62
7,5	59	60	63	64
11	61	62	64	65
15	63	64	66	67
18,5	64	65	67	68
22	65	66	68	69
30	66	67	69	70
37	67	68	70	71
45	68	69	71	73
55	69	70	72	74
75	71	72	73	75
90	71	73	73	76
110	72	74	74	77
132	73	76	75	77
160	74	77	75	78
200	75	77	76	80
250	-	78	-	81
345	79	-	82	-
400	80	-	82	-
500	-	82	-	-
600	-	82	-	-
700	-	83	-	-

4.8 Dimensions and weights

For dimensions and weights refer to the general arrangement drawing/outline drawing of the pump/pump set.

4.9 Scope of supply

Depending on the model, the following items are included in the scope of supply:

- Pump
- Baseplate
- Coupling

- 2 Surface sound pressure level as per ISO 3744 and DIN EN ISO 20361 ; valid for a pump operating range of Q/QBEP = 0.8 - 1.1 and non-cavitating operation. If noise levels are to be guaranteed: Add +3 dB for measuring and constructional tolerance.
- 3 Increase for 60 Hz operation: 3500 rpm +3 dB; 1750 rpm +1 dB; 1160 rpm ±0 dB

- Coupling guard
- Drive
- Supply system for double mechanical seal

5 Installation at Site

5.1 Safety regulations

	⚠ DANGER Excessive temperatures in the shaft seal area Explosion hazard! ▷ Never operate a pump (set) with gland packing in potentially explosive atmospheres.
	NOTE Operating pump sets with gland packings in combination with a frequency inverter / variable speed system is not recommended.

5.2 Checks to be carried out prior to installation

Place of installation

	⚠ WARNING Installation on a mounting surface which is unsecured and cannot support the load Personal injury and damage to property! ▷ Use a concrete of compressive strength class C12/15 which meets the requirements of exposure class XC1 to EN 206. ▷ The mounting surface must be set, even, and level. ▷ Observe the weights indicated.
--	--

1. Check the structural requirements.
All structural work required must have been prepared in accordance with the dimensions stated in the outline drawing/general arrangement drawing.

5.3 Installing the pump set

Always install the pump set in a horizontal position.

	⚠ DANGER Excessive temperatures due to improper installation Explosion hazard! ▷ Install the pump in a horizontal position to ensure self-venting of the pump.
	⚠ DANGER Electrostatic charging due to insufficient potential equalisation Explosion hazard! ▷ Make sure that the connection between pump and baseplate is electrically conductive.

5.3.1 Installation on the foundation

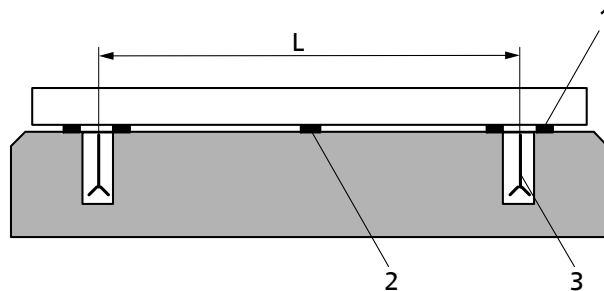


Fig. 7: Fitting the shims

L	Bolt-to-bolt distance	1	Shim
2	Shim if (L) > 800 mm	3	Foundation bolt

- ✓ The foundation has the required strength and characteristics.
 - ✓ The foundation has been prepared in accordance with the dimensions given in the outline drawing/general arrangement drawing.
1. Position the pump set on the foundation and level it with the help of a spirit level placed on the shaft and discharge nozzle.
Permissible deviation: 0.2 mm/m
 2. Use shims (1) for height compensation, if necessary.
Always fit shims, if any, immediately to the left and right of the foundation bolts (3) between the baseplate/foundation frame and the foundation.
For a bolt-to-bolt distance (L) > 800 mm fit additional shims (2) halfway between the bolt holes.
All shims must lie perfectly flush.
 3. Insert the foundation bolts (3) into the holes provided.
 4. Use concrete to set the foundation bolts (3) into the foundation.
 5. Wait until the concrete has set firmly, then level the baseplate.
 6. Tighten the foundation bolts (3) evenly and firmly.

	NOTE For optimum smooth running, baseplates should be grouted with low-shrinkage concrete in the following cases: - For all vibration-critical applications - Baseplates with a width > 400 mm - Baseplates made of grey cast iron
	NOTE For low-noise operation contact the manufacturer to check whether the pump set can be installed on anti-vibration mounts.
	NOTE Expansion joints can be fitted between the pump and the suction line or discharge line.

5.3.2 Installation without foundation

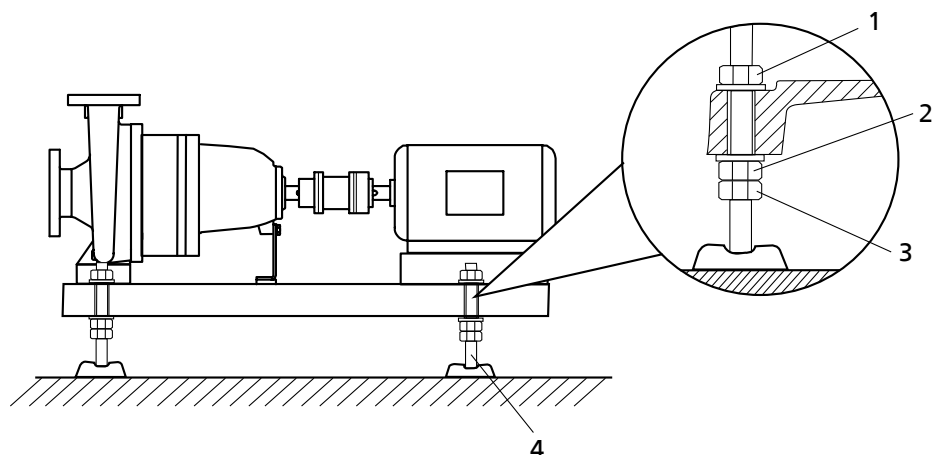


Fig. 8: Adjusting the levelling elements

1, 3	Locknut	2	Adjusting nut
4	Machine mount		

- ✓ The installation surface has the required strength and characteristics.
- 1. Position the pump set on the machine mounts (4) and align it with the help of a spirit level (on the shaft/discharge nozzle).
- 2. To adjust any differences in height, loosen the locknuts (1, 3) of the machine mounts (4).
- 3. Turn the adjusting nut (2) until any differences in height have been compensated.
- 4. Re-tighten the locknuts (1, 3) at the machine mounts (4).

5.4 Piping

5.4.1 Connecting the piping

	⚠ DANGER Impermissible loads acting on the pump nozzles Danger to life from leakage of hot, toxic, corrosive or flammable fluids! ▷ Do not use the pump as an anchorage point for the piping. ▷ Anchor the pipelines in close proximity to the pump and connect them properly without transmitting any stresses or strains. ▷ Observe the permissible forces and moments at the pump nozzles. ▷ Take appropriate measures to compensate for thermal expansion of the piping.
	CAUTION Incorrect earthing during welding work at the piping Destruction of rolling element bearings (pitting effect)! ▷ Never earth the electric welding equipment on the pump or baseplate. ▷ Prevent current flowing through the rolling element bearings.
	NOTE Installing check valves and shut-off elements in the system is recommended, depending on the type of plant and pump. Install the pump without any obstructions to its drainage or removal.

- ✓ Suction lift lines have been laid with a rising slope, suction head lines with a downward slope towards the pump.
- ✓ A flow stabilisation section having a length equivalent to at least twice the diameter of the suction flange has been provided upstream of the suction flange.
- ✓ The nominal diameters of the pipelines are at least equal to the nominal diameters of the pump nozzles.
- ✓ Adapters to larger diameters have a diffuser angle of approximately 8° to prevent excessive pressure losses.
- ✓ The pipelines have been anchored in close proximity to the pump and connected without transmitting any stresses or strains.

CAUTION

Weld beads, scale and other impurities in the piping

Damage to the pump!

- ▷ Remove any impurities from the piping.
- ▷ If necessary, install a filter.
- ▷ Observe the instructions in (⇒ Section 7.2.2.3, Page 51) .

1. Thoroughly clean, flush and blow through all vessels, pipelines and connections (especially of new installations).
2. Before installing the pump in the piping, remove the flange covers on the suction and discharge nozzles of the pump.
3. Check that the inside of the pump is free from any foreign objects. Remove any foreign objects.
4. If required, install a filter in the piping (see figure: Filter in the piping).

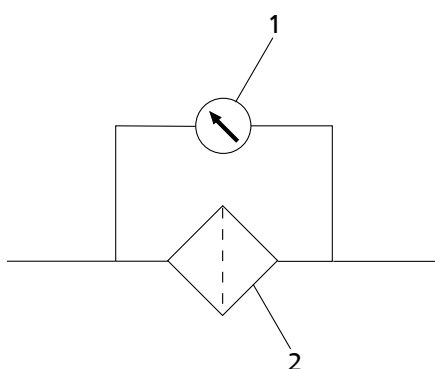


Fig. 9: Filter in the piping

1	Differential pressure gauge	2	Filter
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NOTE

Use a filter with laid-in wire mesh (mesh width 0.5 mm, wire diameter 0.25 mm) of corrosion-resistant material.
Use a filter with a filter area three times the cross-section of the piping.
Conical filters have proved suitable.

5. Connect the pump nozzles to the piping.

CAUTION

Aggressive flushing liquid and pickling agent

Damage to the pump!

- ▷ Match the cleaning operation mode and duration of flushing and pickling to the casing materials and seal materials used.

5.4.2 Permissible forces and moments at the pump nozzles

The data on forces and moments apply to static pipelines only. The values are only applicable if the pump is installed on a baseplate and bolted to a rigid and level foundation.

Correction coefficients depending on material and temperature (⇒ Fig. 11)

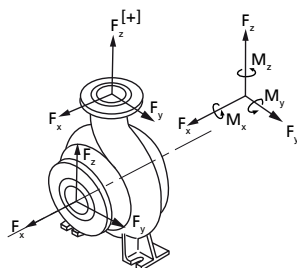


Fig. 10: Forces and moments at the pump nozzles

Table 9: Forces and moments at the pump nozzles for pump casing material G (JL1040/ A48 Cl. 35B)

Size	Suction nozzle								Discharge nozzle							
	DN	Fx	Fy	Fz	ΣF	Mx	My	Mz	DN	Fx	Fy	Fz	ΣF	Mx	My	Mz
		[N]	[N]	[N]	[N]	[Nm]	[Nm]	[Nm]		[N]	[N]	[N]	[N]	[Nm]	[Nm]	[Nm]
150-125-510	150	1750	1600	1400	2754	880	610	720	125	1250	1120	1400	2186	740	530	670
200-150-510	200	2350	2100	1900	3680	1150	800	930	150	1600	1400	1750	2754	880	610	720
200-200-250	200	2350	2100	1900	3680	1150	800	930	200	2100	1900	2350	5245	1150	800	930
250-200-275	250	3340	2980	2700	5227	1780	1260	1460	200	2100	1900	2350	3600	1150	800	930
250-200-320	250	3340	2980	2700	5227	1780	1260	1460	200	2100	1900	2350	3600	1150	800	930
250-200-375	250	3340	2980	2700	5227	1780	1260	1460	200	2100	1900	2350	3600	1150	800	930
250-200-435	250	3340	2980	2700	5227	1780	1260	1460	200	2100	1900	2350	3600	1150	800	930
250-200-510	250	3340	2980	2700	5227	1780	1260	1460	250	2980	2700	3350	5227	1780	1260	1460
300-250-295	300	4000	3580	3220	6260	2420	1720	1980	250	2980	2700	3350	5227	1780	1260	1460
300-250-295.1	300	4000	3580	3220	6260	2420	1720	1980	250	2980	2700	3350	5227	1780	1260	1460
300-250-320	300	4000	3580	3220	6260	2420	1720	1980	250	2980	2700	3350	5227	1780	1260	1460
300-250-375	300	4000	3580	3220	6260	2420	1720	1980	250	2980	2700	3350	5227	1780	1260	1460
300-250-435	300	4000	3580	3220	6260	2420	1720	1980	250	2980	2700	3350	5227	1780	1260	1460
300-250-510	300	4000	3580	3220	6260	2420	1720	1980	250	2980	2700	3350	5227	1780	1260	1460
350-300-350	350	4660	4180	3760	7302	3100	2200	2540	300	3580	3220	4000	6260	2420	1720	1980
350-300-350.1	350	4660	4180	3760	7302	3100	2200	2540	300	3580	3220	4000	6260	2420	1720	1980
350-300-375	350	4660	4180	3760	7302	3100	2200	2540	300	3580	3220	4000	6260	2420	1720	1980
350-300-435	350	4660	4180	3760	7302	3100	2200	2540	300	3580	3220	4000	6260	2420	1720	1980
350-300-510	350	4660	4180	3760	7302	3100	2200	2540	300	3580	3220	4000	6260	2420	1720	1980

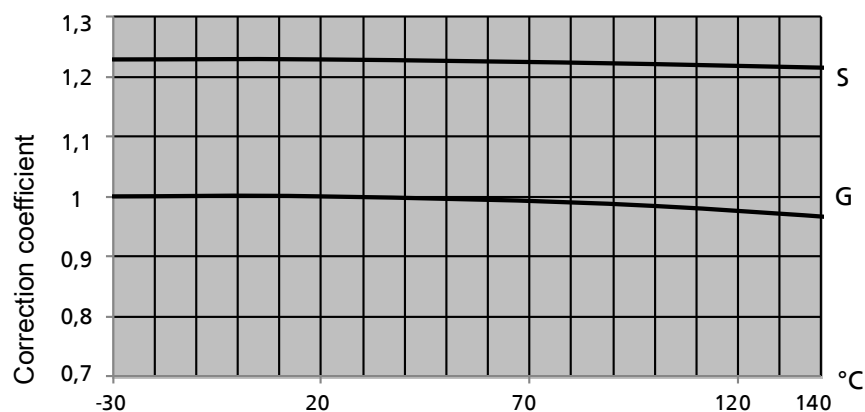


Fig. 11: Temperature/material correction diagram for pump casing materials G (EN-GJL-250/ A48 Cl. 35B), S (EN-GJS-400-15/ A536 Gr. 60-40-18)

5.4.3 Vacuum balance line



NOTE

Where fluid has to be pumped out of a vessel under vacuum, installing a vacuum balance line is recommended.

The following rules apply to vacuum balance lines:

- Minimum nominal line diameter 25 mm.
- The line extends above the highest permissible fluid level in the vessel.

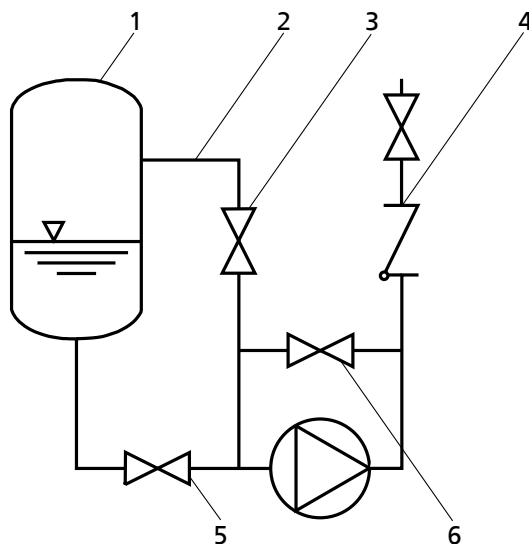


Fig. 12: Vacuum balance system

1	Vessel under vacuum	2	Vacuum balance line
3	Shut-off element	4	Swing check valve
5	Main shut-off element	6	Vacuum-tight shut-off element



NOTE

An additional line fitted with a shut-off valve (from the pump discharge nozzle to the balance line) facilitates venting of the pump before start-up.

5.4.4 Auxiliary connections



DANGER

Risk of potentially explosive atmosphere by incompatible fluids mixing in the auxiliary piping

Risk of burns!

Explosion hazard!

- Make sure that the barrier fluid or quench liquid are compatible with the fluid handled.

	 WARNING
	Failure to use or incorrect use of auxiliary connections (e.g. barrier fluid, flushing liquid, etc.) Risk of injury from escaping fluid! Risk of burns! Malfunction of the pump! ▸ Refer to the general arrangement drawing, the piping layout and pump markings (if any) for the quantity, dimensions and locations of auxiliary connections. ▸ Use the auxiliary connections provided.

5.5 Enclosure/insulation

	 DANGER
	Risk of potentially explosive atmosphere due to insufficient venting Explosion hazard! ▸ Make sure the space between the casing cover/discharge cover and the bearing cover is sufficiently vented. ▸ Never close or cover the perforation of the bearing bracket guards (e.g. by insulation).
	 WARNING
	The volute casing and casing/discharge cover take on the same temperature as the fluid handled Risk of burns! ▸ Insulate the volute casing. ▸ Fit protective equipment.
	CAUTION
	Heat build-up in the bearing bracket Damage to the bearing! ▸ Never insulate the bearing bracket, bearing bracket lantern and casing cover.
	NOTE
	Pump casings handling fluids at temperatures below freezing point may be insulated at the site, subject to the manufacturer's prior approval.

5.6 Checking the coupling alignment

 	 DANGER
	Inadmissible temperatures at the coupling or bearings due to misalignment of the coupling Explosion hazard! Risk of burns! ▸ Make sure that the coupling is correctly aligned at all times.

	CAUTION
	Misalignment of pump and motor shafts Damage to pump, motor and coupling! ▸ Always check the coupling after the pump has been installed and connected to the piping. ▸ Also check the coupling of pump sets supplied with pump and motor mounted on the same baseplate.

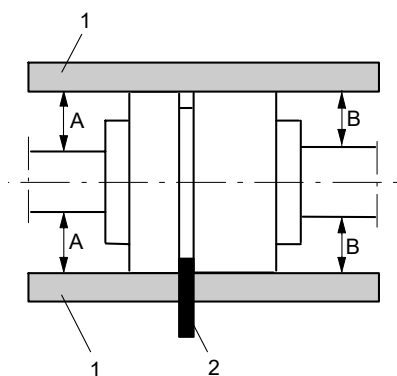


Fig. 13: Non-spacer-type coupling, checking the coupling alignment

1	Straight edge	2	Gauge
---	---------------	---	-------

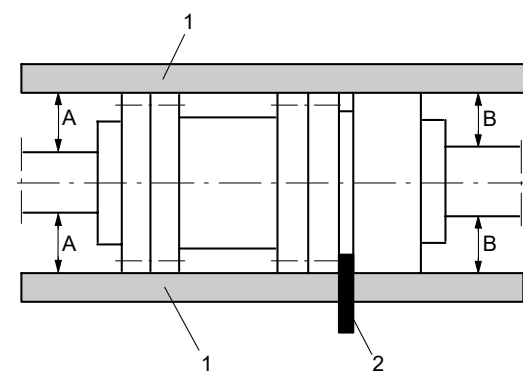


Fig. 14: Spacer-type coupling, checking the coupling alignment

1	Straight edge	2	Gauge
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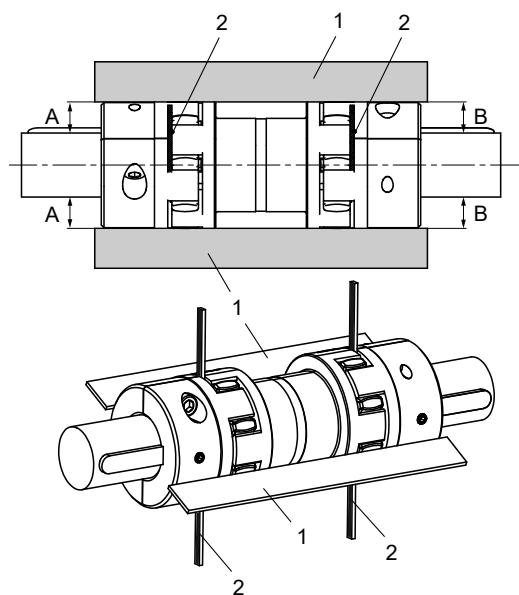


Fig. 15: Double Cardan spacer-type coupling, checking the coupling alignment

1	Straight edge	2	Gauge
---	---------------	---	-------

Table 10: Permissible alignment offset of coupling halves

Coupling type	Radial offset	Axial offset
	[mm]	[mm]
Non-spacer-type coupling (⇒ Fig. 13)	≤ 0,1	≤ 0,1
Spacer-type coupling (⇒ Fig. 14)	≤ 0,1	≤ 0,1
Double Cardan coupling (⇒ Fig. 15)	≤ 0,5	≤ 0,5

- ✓ The coupling guard and its footboard, if any, have been removed.
1. Loosen the support foot and re-tighten it without transmitting any stresses or strains.
 2. Place the straight edge axially on both coupling halves.
 3. Leave the straight edge in this position and turn the coupling by hand.
The coupling is aligned correctly if the distances A and B to the respective shafts are the same at all points around the circumference.
Observe the permissible radial offset in coupling half alignment (⇒ Table 10) both during standstill and at operating temperature as well as under inlet pressure.
 4. Check the distance (dimension see general arrangement drawing) between the two coupling halves around the circumference.
The coupling is correctly aligned if the distance between the two coupling halves is the same at all points around the circumference.
Observe the permissible axial offset in coupling half alignment (⇒ Table 10) both during standstill and at operating temperature as well as under inlet pressure.

	⚠ DANGER
	Risk of ignition by frictional sparks Explosion hazard!! ▷ Choose a coupling guard material that is non-sparking in the event of mechanical contact.

! WARNING

Unprotected rotating coupling
Risk of injury by rotating shafts!

- ▷ Always operate the pump set with a coupling guard.
If the customer specifically requests not to include a coupling guard in KSB's delivery, then the operator must supply one!
- ▷ Observe all relevant regulations for selecting a coupling guard.

5. If alignment is correct, re-install the coupling guard and its footboard, if any.

Checking the coupling alignment with a laser tool

Coupling alignment may also be checked with a laser tool. Observe the documentation provided by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument.

5.7 Aligning the pump and motor

After having installed the pump set and connected the piping, check the coupling alignment and, if required, re-align the pump set (at the motor).

5.7.1 Motors with adjusting screw

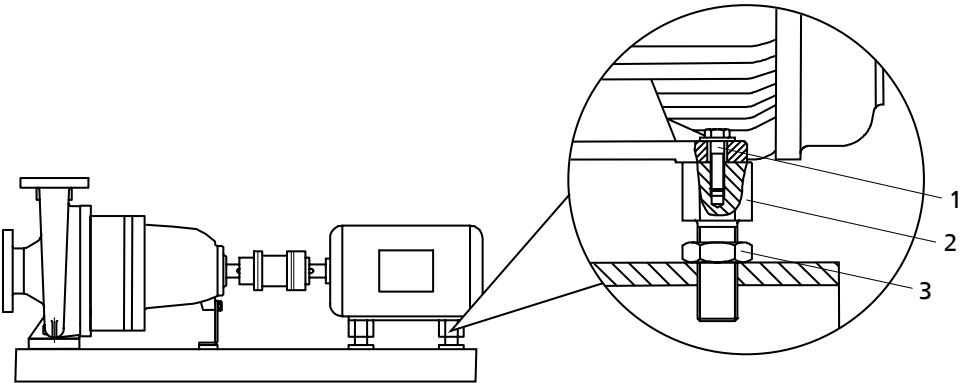


Fig. 16: Motor with adjusting screw

1	Hexagon head bolt	2	Adjusting screw
3	Locknut		

- ✓ The coupling guard and its footboard, if any, have been removed.
- 1. Check the coupling alignment.
- 2. Unscrew the hexagon head bolts (1) at the motor and the locknuts (3) at the baseplate.
- 3. Turn the adjusting screws (2) by hand or by means of an open-end wrench until the coupling alignment is correct and all motor feet rest squarely on the baseplate.
- 4. Re-tighten the hexagon head bolts (1) at the motor and the locknuts (3) at the baseplate.
- 5. Check proper functioning of coupling/shaft.
Check that coupling/shaft can easily be rotated by hand.

! WARNING

Unprotected rotating coupling
Risk of injury by rotating shafts!

- ▷ Always operate the pump set with a coupling guard.
If the customer specifically requests not to include a coupling guard in KSB's delivery, then the operator must supply one!
- ▷ Observe all relevant regulations for selecting a coupling guard.

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	⚠ DANGER Risk of ignition by frictional sparks Explosion hazard!! ▸ Choose a coupling guard material that is non-sparking in the event of mechanical contact.
---	--

6. Fit the coupling guard and its footboard, if any.
7. Check the distance between coupling and coupling guard.
The coupling guard must not touch the coupling.

5.7.2 Motors without adjusting screw

Any differences in the centreline heights of the pump and motor shafts are compensated by means of shims.

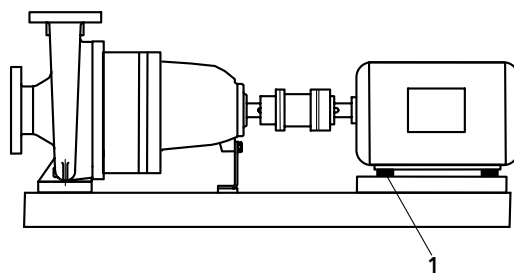


Fig. 17: Pump set with shim

1	Shim
---	------

- ✓ The coupling guard and its footboard, if any, have been removed.
1. Check the coupling alignment.
 2. Loosen the hexagon head bolts at the motor.
 3. Insert shims underneath the motor feet until the difference in shaft centreline height has been compensated.
 4. Re-tighten the hexagon head bolts.
 5. Check proper functioning of coupling/shaft.
Check that coupling/shaft can easily be rotated by hand.

	⚠ WARNING Unprotected rotating coupling Risk of injury by rotating shafts! ▸ Always operate the pump set with a coupling guard. If the customer specifically requests not to include a coupling guard in KSB's delivery, then the operator must supply one! ▸ Observe all relevant regulations for selecting a coupling guard.
---	--

	⚠ DANGER Risk of ignition by frictional sparks Explosion hazard!! ▸ Choose a coupling guard material that is non-sparking in the event of mechanical contact.
---	--

6. Fit the coupling guard and its footboard, if any.
7. Check the distance between coupling and coupling guard.
The coupling guard must not touch the coupling.

5.8 Electrical connection

	DANGER Electrical connection work by unqualified personnel Danger of death from electric shock and explosion! ▷ Always have the electrical connections installed by an electrically qualified person. ▷ Observe regulations IEC 60364 and, for explosion-proof versions, EN 60079 .
	WARNING Incorrect connection to the mains Damage to the power supply network, short circuit! ▷ Observe the technical specifications of the local energy supply companies.
	NOTE Installing a motor protection device is recommended.

1. Check the available mains voltage against the data on the motor name plate.
2. Select an appropriate starting method.

5.8.1 Setting the time relay

	CAUTION Switchover between star and delta on three-phase motors with star-delta starting takes too long. Damage to the pump (set)! ▷ Keep switch-over intervals between star and delta as short as possible.
---	--

Table 11: Time relay settings for star-delta starting:

Motor rating	Y time to be set
[kW]	[s]
≤ 30	< 3
> 30	< 5

5.8.2 Earthing

	DANGER Electrostatic charging Explosion hazard! Damage to the pump set! ▷ Connect the PE conductor to the earthing terminal provided. ▷ Provide for potential equalisation between the pump set and the foundation.
---	---

5.8.3 Connecting the motor

	NOTE In compliance with IEC 60034-8, three-phase motors are always wired for clockwise rotation (looking at the motor shaft stub). The pump's direction of rotation is indicated by an arrow on the pump.
---	--

1. Match the motor's direction of rotation to that of the pump.
2. Observe the manufacturer's product literature supplied with the motor.

5.9 Checking the direction of rotation

	⚠ DANGER Temperature increase resulting from contact between rotating and stationary components Explosion hazard! Damage to the pump set! ▷ Never check the direction of rotation by starting up the unfilled pump set. ▷ Separate the pump from the motor to check the direction of rotation.
	⚠ WARNING Hands inside the pump casing Risk of injuries, damage to the pump! ▷ Always disconnect the pump set from the power supply and secure it against unintentional start-up before inserting your hands or other objects into the pump.
	CAUTION Incorrect direction of rotation with non-reversible mechanical seal Damage to the mechanical seal and leakage! ▷ Separate the pump from the motor to check the direction of rotation.
	CAUTION Drive and pump running in the wrong direction of rotation Damage to the pump! ▷ Refer to the arrow indicating the direction of rotation on the pump. ▷ Check the direction of rotation. If required, check the electrical connection and correct the direction of rotation.

The correct direction of rotation of the motor and pump is clockwise (seen from the drive end).

1. Start the motor and stop it again immediately to determine the motor's direction of rotation.
2. Check the direction of rotation.
The motor's direction of rotation must match the arrow indicating the direction of rotation on the pump.
3. If the motor is running in the wrong direction of rotation, check the electrical connection of the motor and switchgear, if any.

6 Commissioning/Start-up/Shutdown

6.1 Commissioning/Start-up

6.1.1 Prerequisites for commissioning/start-up

Prior to commissioning, make sure that the following conditions are met:

- The pump set has been properly connected mechanically.
- The pump set has been properly connected to the power supply and is equipped with all protection devices. (⇒ Section 5.8, Page 35)
- The pump has been filled with the fluid to be handled. The pump has been vented. (⇒ Section 6.1.3, Page 38)
- The direction of rotation has been checked. (⇒ Section 5.9, Page 36)
- All auxiliary connections required are connected and operational. (⇒ Section 5.4.4, Page 29)
- The lubricants have been checked.
- After prolonged shutdown of the pump (set), the activities required for returning the equipment to service have been carried out. (⇒ Section 6.4, Page 45)

6.1.2 Filling in the lubricants

Grease-lubricated bearings

Grease-lubricated bearings have been packed with grease.

Oil-lubricated bearings

Fill the bearing bracket with lubricating oil.

Oil quality see (⇒ Section 7.2.3.1.2, Page 51)

Oil quantity see

Filling the constant level oiler with lubricating oil (oil-lubricated bearings only)

- ✓ The constant level oiler has been fitted.

	NOTE If no constant level oiler is provided on the bearing bracket, the oil level can be read in the middle of the oil level sight glass arranged at the side of the bearing bracket.
	CAUTION Insufficient quantity of lubricating oil in the reservoir of the constant level oiler Damage to the bearings! ▷ Regularly check the oil level. ▷ Always fill the oil reservoir completely.

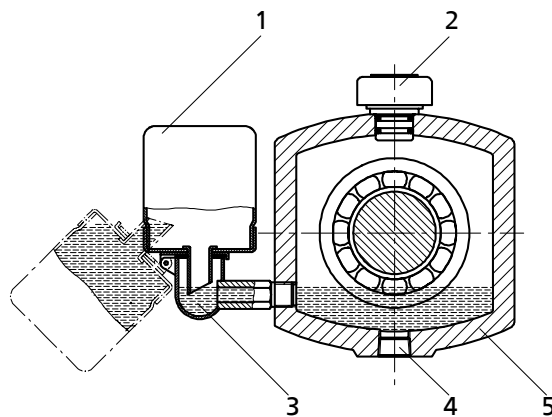


Fig. 18: Bearing bracket with constant level oiler

1	Constant level oiler	2	Vent plug
3	Connection elbow of the constant level oiler	4	Screw plug
5	Bearing bracket		

1. Pull out the vent plug (2).
2. Hinge down the reservoir of the constant level oiler (1) from the bearing bracket (5) and hold it in this position.
3. Fill in oil through the hole for the vent plug until the oil reaches the connection elbow of the constant level oiler (3).
4. Completely fill the reservoir of the constant level oiler (1).
5. Snap the constant level oiler (1) back into its operating position.
6. Fit the vent plug (2) again.
7. After approximately 5 minutes, check the oil level in the glass reservoir of the constant level oiler (1).
The oil reservoir must be properly filled at all times to ensure that the correct oil level is maintained. Repeat steps 1 - 6, if necessary.
8. To check the function of the constant level oiler (1), slowly drain some oil via the screw plug (4) until air bubbles can be seen in the oil reservoir.



NOTE

An excessively high oil level can lead to a temperature rise and to leakage of the fluid handled or oil.

6.1.3 Priming and venting the pump



DANGER

Risk of potentially explosive atmosphere inside the pump

Explosion hazard!

- ▷ The pump internals in contact with the fluid to be handled, including the seal chamber and auxiliary systems, must be filled with the fluid to be handled at all times.
- ▷ Provide sufficient inlet pressure.
- ▷ Provide an appropriate monitoring system.

 	⚠ DANGER Risk of potentially explosive atmosphere by incompatible fluids mixing in the auxiliary piping Risk of burns! Explosion hazard! ▷ Make sure that the barrier fluid or quench liquid are compatible with the fluid handled.
	⚠ DANGER Shaft seal failure caused by insufficient lubrication Hot or toxic fluid could escape! Damage to the pump! ▷ Before starting up the pump set, vent the pump and suction line and prime both with the fluid to be handled.
	CAUTION Increased wear due to dry running Damage to the pump set! ▷ Never operate the pump set without liquid fill. ▷ Never close the shut-off element in the suction line and/or supply line during pump operation.
	NOTE For design-inherent reasons some unfilled volume in the hydraulic system cannot be excluded after the pump has been primed for commissioning/start-up. However, once the motor is started up the pumping effect will immediately fill this volume with the fluid handled.

1. Vent the pump and suction line and prime both with the fluid to be handled.
Connection 6D can be used for venting (see drawing of auxiliary connections).
2. Fully open the shut-off element in the suction line.
3. Fully open all auxiliary feed lines (barrier fluid, flushing liquid, etc.), if any.
4. Open the shut-off element, if any, in the vacuum balance line and close the vacuum-tight shut-off element, if any. (⇒ Section 5.4.3, Page 29)

6.1.4 Final check

1. Remove the coupling guard and its footboard, if any.
2. Check the coupling alignment; re-align the coupling, if required.
(⇒ Section 5.6, Page 30)
3. Check proper functioning of coupling/shaft.
Check that coupling/shaft can be easily rotated by hand.
4. Fit the coupling guard and its footboard, if any.
5. Check the distance between coupling and coupling guard.
The coupling guard must not touch the coupling.

6.1.5 Start-up

	! DANGER Non-compliance with the permissible pressure and temperature limits if the pump is operated with the suction and/or discharge line closed. Explosion hazard! Hot or toxic fluids escaping! ▶ Never operate the pump with the shut-off elements in the suction line and/or discharge line closed. ▶ Only start up the pump set with the discharge-side shut-off element slightly or fully open.
	! DANGER Excessive temperatures due to dry running or excessive gas content in the fluid handled Explosion hazard! Damage to the pump set! ▶ Never operate the pump set without liquid fill. ▶ Prime the pump as per operating instructions. (⇒ Section 6.1.3, Page 38) ▶ Always operate the pump within the permissible operating range.
	CAUTION Abnormal noises, vibrations, temperatures or leakage Damage to the pump! ▶ Switch off the pump (set) immediately. ▶ Eliminate the causes before returning the pump set to service.
	CAUTION Start-up against open discharge line Motor overload! ▶ Make sure the motor has sufficient power reserves. ▶ Use a soft starter. ▶ Use speed control.

- ✓ The system piping has been cleaned.
- ✓ The pump, suction line and inlet tank, if any, have been vented and primed with the fluid to be handled.
- ✓ The lines for priming and venting have been closed.

1. Fully open the shut-off element in the suction head/suction lift line.
2. Close or slightly open the shut-off element in the discharge line.
3. Start up the motor.
4. Immediately after the pump has reached full rotational speed, slowly open the shut-off element in the discharge line and adjust it to comply with the duty point.

	CAUTION
	Misalignment of pump and coupling Damage to pump, motor and coupling! ▸ When the operating temperature has been reached, switch off the pump set and check the coupling alignment.

5. Check the coupling alignment and re-align the coupling, if required.

6.1.6 Checking the shaft seal

Mechanical seal The mechanical seal only leaks slightly or invisibly (as vapour) during operation. Mechanical seals are maintenance-free.

Double mechanical seal

	 DANGER
	Excessive temperature of barrier fluid in pumps with double mechanical seal Explosion hazard! Excessive surface temperature ▸ For pumps with double mechanical seal, make sure that the barrier fluid's temperature does not exceed 60 °C.

Gland packing The gland packing must drip slightly during operation.

	CAUTION
	Excessive leakage or no leakage at the gland packing Damage to the pump! ▸ Excessive leakage: Re-tighten the gland follower until the required leakage rate is reached. ▸ No leakage: Switch off the pump set immediately. ▸ It is not recommended to operate pump sets with gland packings in combination with a frequency inverter / variable speed system.

Pure graphite packing If a pure graphite packing is used, there must always be some leakage.

Table 12: Leakage rate of the pure graphite packing

Quantity	Values
Minimum	10 cm ³ /min
Maximum	20 cm ³ /min

Adjusting the leakage

Prior to commissioning

1. Only lightly tighten the gland nuts by hand.
 2. Use a feeler gauge to verify that the gland is mounted centred and at a right angle to the shaft.
- ⇒ The gland must leak after the pump has been primed.

	 WARNING
	Unprotected rotating parts Risk of injury! ▸ Do not touch rotating parts. ▸ When the pump is running, perform all work with utmost caution. ▸ Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

After five minutes of operation

The leakage can be reduced.

1. Tighten the gland nuts by 1/6 turn.
2. Monitor the leakage for another 5 minutes.

Excessive leakage:

Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the minimum value has been reached.

Not enough leakage:

Slightly loosen the gland nuts.

No leakage:

Switch off the pump set immediately!

Loosen the gland and repeat start-up.

Checking the leakage

After the leakage has been adjusted, monitor the leakage for at least 2 hours at maximum fluid temperature.

Check that enough leakage occurs at the gland packing at minimum fluid pressure.

6.1.7 Shutdown

	CAUTION
	Heat build-up inside the pump Damage to the shaft seal! ▷ Depending on the type of installation, the pump set requires sufficient after-run time – with the heat source switched off – until the fluid handled has cooled down.

	CAUTION
	Backflow of fluid handled is not permitted Motor and/or winding damage! Mechanical seal damage! ▷ Close the shut-off elements.

✓ The shut-off element in the suction line is and remains open.

1. Close the shut-off element in the discharge line.
2. Switch off the motor and make sure the pump set runs down smoothly to a standstill.

	NOTE
	If the discharge line is equipped with a non-return or check valve, the shut-off element may remain open provided that the system conditions and system regulations are considered and observed.

For prolonged shutdown periods:

1. Close the shut-off element in the suction line.
 2. Close any auxiliary lines.
- If the fluid to be handled is fed in under vacuum, also supply the shaft seal with barrier fluid during standstill.

	CAUTION
	Risk of freezing during prolonged pump shutdown periods Damage to the pump! ▷ Drain the pump and the cooling/heating chambers (if any) or otherwise protect them against freezing.

6.2 Operating limits

	! DANGER Non-compliance with operating limits for pressure, temperature, fluid handled and speed Explosion hazard! Hot or toxic fluid could escape! ▸ Comply with the operating data specified in the data sheet. ▸ Never use the pump for handling fluids it is not designed for. ▸ Avoid prolonged operation against a closed shut-off element. ▸ Never operate the pump at temperatures, pressures or rotational speeds exceeding those specified in the data sheet or on the name plate unless the written consent of the manufacturer has been obtained.
	! DANGER Formation of a potentially explosive atmosphere inside the pump Explosion hazard! ▸ When draining tanks take suitable measures to prevent dry running of the pump (e.g. fill level monitoring).

6.2.1 Ambient temperature

	CAUTION Operation outside the permissible ambient temperature Damage to the pump (set)! ▸ Observe the specified limits for permissible ambient temperatures.
---	--

Observe the following parameters and values during operation:

Table 13: Permissible ambient temperatures

Permissible ambient temperature	Value
Maximum	50 °C 40 °C ⁴⁾
Minimum	See data sheet.

6.2.2 Frequency of starts

	! DANGER Excessive surface temperature of the motor Explosion hazard! Damage to the motor! ▸ In case of explosion-proof motors, observe the frequency of starts specified in the manufacturer's product literature.
---	---

⁴ For compliance with UK *Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016*. Higher ambient temperature possible in individual cases, see data sheet and name plate.

The frequency of starts is determined by the maximum temperature increase of the motor. The frequency of starts depends on the power reserves of the motor in steady-state operation and on the starting conditions (DOL starting, star-delta starting, moments of inertia, etc). If the start-ups are evenly spaced over the period indicated, the following limits serve as orientation for start-up with the discharge-side shut-off valve slightly open:

Table 14: Frequency of starts

Impeller material	Maximum frequency of starts
	[Starts/hour]
G (JL1040/A48 Cl. 35B)	15
B (CC480K-GS/B30 C90700)	6
C (1.4408/A743 Gr. CF8M)	



CAUTION

Re-starting while motor is still running down

Damage to the pump (set)!

▷ Do not re-start the pump set before the pump rotor has come to a standstill.

6.2.3 Fluid handled

6.2.3.1 Flow rate

Table 15: Flow rate

Temperature range (t)	Minimum flow rate	Maximum flow rate
-30 to +140 °C	≈ 30 % of Q _{BEP} ⁵⁾⁶⁾	See hydraulic characteristic curves

The calculation formula below can be used to check if an additional heat build-up could lead to a dangerous temperature increase at the pump surface.

$$T_o = T_f + \Delta \vartheta$$

$$\Delta \vartheta = \frac{g \times H}{c \times \eta} \times (1 - \eta)$$

Table 16: Key

Symbol	Description	Unit
c	Specific heat capacity	J/kg K
g	Acceleration due to gravity	m/s ²
H	Pump discharge head	m
T _f	Fluid temperature	°C
T _o	Temperature at the casing surface	°C
η	Pump efficiency at duty point	-
Δϑ	Temperature difference	K

⁵ Best efficiency point

⁶ Limitations see hydraulic characteristic curves

6.2.3.2 Density of the fluid handled

	CAUTION Impermissibly high density of the fluid handled Motor overload! ▷ Observe the information about fluid density in the data sheet. ▷ Make sure the motor has sufficient power reserves.
---	--

The power input of the pump set will change in proportion to the density of the fluid handled.

6.2.3.3 Abrasive fluids

When the pump handles fluids containing abrasive substances, increased wear of the hydraulic system and the shaft seal are to be expected. In this case, reduce the commonly recommended inspection intervals.

The fluid handled may contain abrasive particles up to a maximum content of 5 g/dm³ and a maximum particle size of 0.5 mm.

6.3 Shutdown/storage/preservation

6.3.1 Measures to be taken for shutdown

The pump (set) remains installed

- ✓ Sufficient fluid is supplied for the functional check run of the pump.
- 1. For prolonged shutdown periods, start up the pump (set) regularly between once a month and once every three months for approximately five minutes.
 - ⇒ This will prevent the formation of deposits within the pump and the pump intake area.

The pump (set) is removed from the pipe and stored

- ✓ The pump has been properly drained. (⇒ Section 7.3, Page 54)
- ✓ The safety instructions for dismantling the pump have been observed. (⇒ Section 7.4.1, Page 54)
- ✓ The permissible ambient temperature for storing the pump is observed.
 1. Spray-coat the inside wall of the pump casing and, in particular, the impeller clearance areas with a preservative.
 2. Spray the preservative through the suction nozzle and discharge nozzle. It is advisable to then close the pump nozzles (e.g. with plastic caps).
 3. Oil or grease all exposed machined parts and surfaces of the pump (with silicone-free oil and grease, food-approved, if required) to protect them against corrosion. Observe the additional instructions on preservation. (⇒ Section 3.3, Page 14)

If the pump set is to be stored temporarily, only preserve the wetted components made of low-alloy materials. Commercially available preservatives can be used for this purpose. Observe the manufacturer's instructions for application/removal.

6.4 Returning to service

For returning the equipment to service observe the sections on commissioning/start-up and the operating limits. (⇒ Section 6.1, Page 37) (⇒ Section 6.2, Page 43)

In addition, carry out all servicing/maintenance operations before returning the pump (set) to service. (⇒ Section 7, Page 47)

	 WARNING Failure to re-install or re-activate protective devices Risk of injury from moving parts or escaping fluid! ▸ As soon as the work is completed, properly re-install and re-activate any safety-relevant devices and protective devices.
	NOTE If the equipment has been out of service for more than one year, replace all elastomer seals.

7 Servicing/Maintenance

7.1 Safety regulations

	 DANGER Improper cleaning of coated pump surfaces Explosion hazard by electrostatic discharge! ▷ When cleaning coated pump surfaces in atmospheres of Explosion group IIC, use suitable anti-static equipment.
	 DANGER Sparks produced during servicing work Explosion hazard! ▷ Observe the safety regulations in force at the place of installation! ▷ Always perform maintenance work at an explosion-proof pump (set) outside of potentially explosive atmospheres.
 	 DANGER Improperly serviced pump set Explosion hazard! Damage to the pump set! ▷ Service the pump set regularly. ▷ Prepare a maintenance schedule with special emphasis on lubricants, shaft seal and coupling.
The operator ensures that maintenance, inspection and installation are performed by authorised, qualified specialist personnel who are thoroughly familiar with the manual.	
	 WARNING Unintentional starting of the pump set Risk of injury by moving components and shock currents! ▷ Ensure that the pump set cannot be started unintentionally. ▷ Always make sure the electrical connections are disconnected before carrying out work on the pump set.
	 WARNING Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard Risk of injury! ▷ Observe all relevant laws. ▷ When draining the fluid take appropriate measures to protect persons and the environment. ▷ Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard.

	! WARNING
	Insufficient stability Risk of crushing hands and feet! ▷ During assembly/dismantling, secure the pump (set)/pump parts to prevent tilting or tipping over.

A regular maintenance schedule will help avoid expensive repairs and contribute to trouble-free, reliable operation of the pump, pump set and pump parts with a minimum of servicing/maintenance expenditure and work.

	NOTE
	All maintenance work, service work and installation work can be carried out by KSB Service or authorised workshops. Find your contact in the attached Addresses booklet or visit https://www.ksb.com/en-global/contact .

Never use force when dismantling and reassembling the pump set.

7.2 Servicing/inspection

7.2.1 Supervision of operation

	! DANGER
	Risk of potentially explosive atmosphere inside the pump Explosion hazard! ▷ The pump internals in contact with the fluid to be handled, including the seal chamber and auxiliary systems, must be filled with the fluid to be handled at all times. ▷ Provide sufficient inlet pressure. ▷ Provide an appropriate monitoring system.

 	! DANGER
	Incorrectly serviced shaft seal Explosion hazard! Hot, toxic fluid escaping! Damage to the pump set! Risk of burns! Fire hazard! ▷ Regularly service the shaft seal.

 	! DANGER
	Excessive temperatures as a result of bearings running hot or defective bearing seals Explosion hazard! Fire hazard! Damage to the pump set! Risk of burns! ▷ Regularly check the lubricant level. ▷ Regularly check the rolling element bearings for running noises.

	! DANGER Incorrectly serviced barrier fluid system Explosion hazard! Fire hazard! Damage to the pump set! Hot and/or toxic fluids escaping! ▷ Regularly service the barrier fluid system. ▷ Monitor the barrier fluid pressure.
	CAUTION Increased wear due to dry running Damage to the pump set! ▷ Never operate the pump set without liquid fill. ▷ Never close the shut-off element in the suction line and/or supply line during pump operation.
	CAUTION Impermissibly high temperature of fluid handled Damage to the pump! ▷ Prolonged operation against a closed shut-off element is not permitted (heating up of the fluid). ▷ Observe the temperature limits in the data sheet and in the section on operating limits. (⇒ Section 6.2, Page 43)

While the pump is in operation, observe and check the following:

- The pump must run quietly and free from vibrations at all times.
- In case of oil lubrication, ensure the oil level is correct. (⇒ Section 6.1.2, Page 37)
- Check the shaft seal.
- Check the static sealing elements for leakage.
- Check the rolling element bearings for running noises.
Vibrations, noise and an increase in current input occurring during unchanged operating conditions indicate wear.
- Monitor the correct functioning of any auxiliary connections.
- Monitor the stand-by pump.
To make sure that stand-by pumps are ready for operation, start them up once a week.
- Monitor the bearing temperature.
The bearing temperature must not exceed 90 °C (measured on the outside of the bearing bracket).

	CAUTION Operation outside the permissible bearing temperature Damage to the pump! ▷ The bearing temperature of the pump (set) must never exceed 90 °C (measured on the outside of the bearing bracket).
---	--



NOTE

After commissioning, increased temperatures may occur at grease-lubricated rolling element bearings due to the running-in process. The final bearing temperature is only reached after a certain period of operation (up to 48 hours depending on the conditions).

7.2.2 Inspection work



DANGER

Excessive temperatures caused by friction, impact or frictional sparks

Explosion hazard!

Fire hazard!

Damage to the pump set!

- ▷ Regularly check the coupling guard, plastic components and other guards of rotating parts for deformation and sufficient distance from rotating parts.



DANGER

Electrostatic charging due to insufficient potential equalisation

Explosion hazard!

- ▷ Make sure that the connection between pump and baseplate is electrically conductive.

7.2.2.1 Checking the coupling

Check the flexible elements of the coupling. Replace the relevant parts in due time if there is any sign of wear and check the alignment.

7.2.2.2 Checking the clearances

To check the clearances, remove the back pull-out unit.

If the clearance is larger than permitted (see the following table), fit a new casing wear ring 502.1 and/or 502.2.

The clearances specified refer to the impeller diameter.

Table 17: Clearances between impeller and pump casing / between impeller and casing wear ring

Impeller material	Clearances [mm]	
	New	Maximum permissible enlargement
G (EN-GJL-250/A48 CL 35B)	0,3	0,9
P (EN-GJL-250 without protective coating)	0,3	0,9
B (CC480K-GS/B30 C90700)	0,3	0,9
B (CC480K-DW)	0,3	0,9
I (IS 318 LTB2)	0,3	0,9
O (1.4008 / A743 Gr. CA15)	0,5	1,5
F (1.4308 / A743 Gr. CF8)	0,5	1,5
C (1.4408 / A743 Gr. CF8M)	0,5	1,5

7.2.2.3 Cleaning filters

	CAUTION Insufficient inlet pressure due to clogged filter in the suction line Damage to the pump! ▷ Monitor contamination of filter with suitable means (e.g. differential pressure gauge). ▷ Clean filter at appropriate intervals.
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7.2.2.4 Checking the bearing seals

 	 DANGER Excessive temperatures caused by mechanical contact Risk of explosion! Damage to the pump set! ▷ Check correct seating of axial seal rings mounted on the shaft. Only gentle contact of the sealing lip shall be established.
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7.2.3 Lubrication and lubricant change of rolling element bearings

 	 DANGER Excessive temperatures as a result of bearings running hot or defective bearing seals Explosion hazard! Fire hazard! Damage to the pump set! ▷ Regularly check the condition of the lubricant.
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7.2.3.1 Oil lubrication

The rolling element bearings are usually lubricated with mineral oil.

7.2.3.1.1 Intervals

Table 18: Oil change intervals

Oil change	Interval
Change of initial oil fill	After 300 operating hours
Further oil changes	Every 3000 operating hours ⁷⁾

7.2.3.1.2 Oil quality

Table 19: Oil quality⁸⁾

Description	Symbol to DIN 51502	Properties	
Lubricating oil C 46 CL 46 CLP 46	□	Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C	46 ± 4 mm ² /s
		Flash point (to Cleveland)	+175 °C
		Solidification point (pour point)	-15 °C

⁷ At least once a year

⁸ To DIN 51517

Description	Symbol to DIN 51502	Properties	
Lubricating oil C 46 CL 46 CLP 46	□	Application temperature ⁹⁾	Higher than permissible bearing temperature

7.2.3.1.3 Oil quantity

Table 20: Oil quantity for oil-lubricated radial ball bearings to DIN 625

Shaft unit ¹⁰⁾	Code	Oil quantity per bearing bracket
		[L]
65	6313 C3	0,70
85	6317 C3	0,90

7.2.3.1.4 Changing the oil



! WARNING

Lubricants posing a health hazard and/or hot lubricants

Hazard to persons and the environment!

- ▷ When draining the lubricant take appropriate measures to protect persons and the environment.
- ▷ Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required.
- ▷ Collect and dispose of any lubricants.
- ▷ Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.

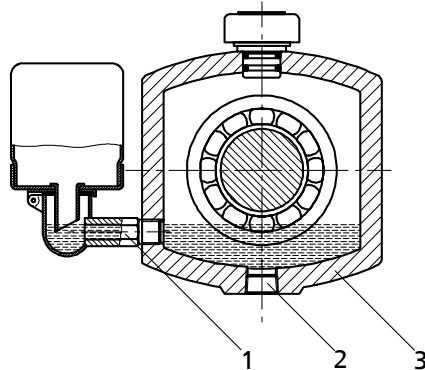


Fig. 19: Bearing bracket with constant level oiler

1	Constant level oiler	2	Screw plug
3	Bearing bracket		

- ✓ A suitable container for the used oil is on hand.
1. Place the container underneath the screw plug.
 2. Undo the screw plug (2) at the bearing bracket (3) and drain the oil.
 3. Once the bearing bracket (3) has been drained, re-insert and re-tighten the screw plug (2).
 4. Re-fill with oil. (⇒ Section 6.1.2, Page 37)

⁹ For ambient temperatures below -10 °C use a different suitable type of lubricating oil. Contact the manufacturer.

¹⁰ Shaft unit see data sheet.

7.2.3.2 Grease lubrication

The bearings are supplied packed with high-quality lithium-soap grease.

7.2.3.2.1 Intervals

Under normal conditions the grease-lubricated bearings will run for 15,000 operating hours or 2 years. Under unfavourable operating conditions (e.g. high room temperature, high atmospheric humidity, dust-laden air, aggressive industrial atmosphere etc.), check the bearings earlier and clean and relubricate them if required.

7.2.3.2.2 Grease quality

Optimum grease properties for rolling element bearings

Table 21: Grease quality to DIN 51825

Soap basis	NLGI grade	Worked penetration at 25° C in mm/10	Drop point
Lithium	2 to 3	220-295	≥ 175 °C

- Free of resin and acid
- Not liable to crumble
- Rust-preventive characteristics

If required, the bearings may be lubricated with greases of other soap bases. Make sure to remove any old grease and rinse the bearings thoroughly.

7.2.3.2.3 Grease quantity

Table 22: Grease quantity per grease-lubricated DIN 625 radial ball bearing

Shaft unit ¹¹⁾	Code	Grease quantity per bearing
		[g]
65	6313 2Z C3	35
85	6317 2Z C3	70

7.2.3.2.4 Changing the grease

	CAUTION
	Mixing greases of differing soap bases Changed lubricating qualities! ▸ Thoroughly clean the bearings. ▸ Adjust the re-lubrication intervals to the grease used.

✓ The pump has been dismantled for changing the grease.

1. Remove the outer cover plate of each bearing with a suitable tool. Dispose of the cover plates.
2. Only half-fill the bearing cavities with grease.

Continue using the bearings without the outer cover plates (variant Z C3).

¹¹ Shaft unit see data sheet.

7.3 Drainage/cleaning

	! WARNING
	Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard Hazard to persons and the environment! ▷ Collect and properly dispose of flushing fluid and any fluid residues. ▷ Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required. ▷ Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.

1. Use connection 6B to drain the fluid handled (see drawing of auxiliary connections).
2. Always flush the system if it has been used for handling noxious, explosive, hot or other hazardous fluids.
Always flush and clean the pump before transporting it to the workshop. Provide a certificate of decontamination for the pump. (⇒ Section 11, Page 81)

7.4 Dismantling the pump set

7.4.1 General information/Safety regulations

	! DANGER
	Insufficient preparation of work on the pump (set) Risk of injury! ▷ Properly shut down the pump set. (⇒ Section 6.1.7, Page 42) ▷ Close the shut-off elements in the suction line and discharge line. ▷ Drain the pump and release the pump pressure. (⇒ Section 7.3, Page 54) ▷ Shut off any auxiliary feed lines. ▷ Allow the pump set to cool down to ambient temperature.
	! WARNING
	Unqualified personnel performing work on the pump (set) Risk of injury! ▷ Always have repair work and maintenance work performed by specially trained, qualified personnel.
	! WARNING
	Hot surface Risk of injury! ▷ Allow the pump set to cool down to ambient temperature.
	! WARNING
	Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components Personal injury and damage to property! ▷ Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.

Always observe the safety instructions and information. (⇒ Section 7.1, Page 47)
For any work on the motor, observe the instructions of the relevant motor manufacturer.

For dismantling and reassembly observe the exploded views and the general assembly drawing. (⇒ Section 9.1, Page 70)

In the event of damage you can always contact our service departments.

	NOTE All maintenance work, service work and installation work can be carried out by KSB Service or authorised workshops. Find your contact in the attached Addresses booklet or visit https://www.ksb.com/en-global/contact.
	NOTE After a prolonged period of operation the individual components may be hard to pull off the shaft. If this is the case, use a brand name penetrating agent and/or - if possible - an appropriate puller.

7.4.2 Preparing the pump set

1. Interrupt the power supply and make sure it cannot be switched on again unintentionally.
2. Disconnect and remove all auxiliary pipework.
3. Remove the coupling guard.
4. Remove the coupling spacer if fitted.
5. Drain the oil fill of oil-lubricated bearings. (⇒ Section 7.2.3.1.4, Page 52)

7.4.3 Removing the motor

	NOTE On pump sets with spacer-type couplings, the back pull-out unit can be removed while the motor remains bolted to the baseplate.
	WARNING Motor tipping over Risk of crushing hands and feet! ▸ Suspend or support the motor to prevent it from tipping over.

1. Disconnect the motor from the power supply.
2. Unbolt the motor from the baseplate.
3. Shift the motor to separate it from the pump.

7.4.4 Removing the back pull-out unit

- ✓ The notes and steps stated in (⇒ Section 7.4.1, Page 54) to (⇒ Section 7.4.3, Page 55) have been observed/carried out.
- ✓ On pump sets without spacer-type coupling, the motor has been removed.

	WARNING Back pull-out unit tilting Risk of crushing hands and feet! ▸ Suspend or support the bearing bracket at the pump end.
---	---

1. If required, suspend or support bearing bracket 330 to prevent it from tilting.
2. Unbolt support foot 183 from the baseplate.

3. Undo nut 920.01 at the volute casing.
4. Use forcing screws 901.30 (for bolted casing covers) or 901.31 (for clamped casing covers) to remove the back pull-out unit from its seat in the volute casing. Pull the back pull-out unit completely out of the volute casing.
5. Remove and dispose of gasket 400.10 or 411.10.
6. Place the back pull-out unit on a clean and level surface.

7.4.5 Removing the impeller

- ✓ The notes and steps stated in (⇒ Section 7.4.1, Page 54) to (⇒ Section 7.4.4, Page 55) have been observed and carried out.
- ✓ The back pull-out unit has been placed in a clean and level assembly area.
 1. Undo impeller nut 920.95 (right-hand thread).
 2. Remove impeller nut 920.95, safety devices 930.95 and disc 550.95.
 3. Remove impeller 230 with an impeller removal tool.
 4. Place impeller 230 on a clean and level surface.
 5. Remove keys 940.01 and 940.09 (if any) from shaft 210.

7.4.6 Removing the shaft seal

7.4.6.1 Removing a single mechanical seal

- ✓ The notes and steps stated in (⇒ Section 7.4.1, Page 54) to (⇒ Section 7.4.5, Page 56) have been observed and carried out.
- ✓ The back pull-out unit has been placed in a clean and level assembly area.
 1. Remove the rotating assembly of the mechanical seal (primary ring) from shaft sleeve 523.
 2. Undo nuts 920.15 (if any) at casing cover 161.
 3. Remove cover plates 81-92.01 and 81-92.02 with bolts 901.98 and lock washers 554.98.
 4. **For models with clamped casing cover:** Remove transport locks 901.22.
For models with bolted casing cover: Use forcing screws 901.31 to remove casing cover 161 from bearing bracket 330.
 5. Remove the stationary assembly of the mechanical seal (mating ring) from casing cover 161.
 6. Pull shaft sleeve 523 off shaft 210.
 7. Remove and dispose of gasket 400.75.

7.4.6.2 Removing a double mechanical seal

See supplementary operating manual.

7.4.6.3 Dismantling the gland packing

- ✓ The notes and steps stated in (⇒ Section 7.4.1, Page 54) to (⇒ Section 7.4.5, Page 56) have been observed and carried out.
- ✓ The back pull-out unit has been placed in a clean and level assembly area.
 1. Undo nuts 920.02 at the gland follower and loosen gland follower 452.
 2. Undo nuts 920.15 (if any) at casing cover 161.
 3. Remove cover plates 81-92.01 and 81-92.02 with bolts 901.98 and lock washers 554.98.
 4. **For models with clamped casing cover:** Remove transport locks 901.22.
For models with bolted casing cover: Use forcing screws 901.31 to remove casing cover 161 from bearing bracket 330.

5. Remove gland follower 452 from casing cover 161 and remove the gland packing.
6. Remove stuffing box ring 454.
7. Remove packing rings 461 and lantern ring 458, if any.
8. Pull shaft protecting sleeve 524 off shaft 210.
9. Remove and dispose of gasket 400.75.

7.4.7 Dismantling the bearing assembly

Oil lubrication

- ✓ The notes and steps stated in (⇒ Section 7.4.1, Page 54) to (⇒ Section 7.4.6, Page 56) have been observed/carried out.
- ✓ The bearing bracket has been placed in a clean and level assembly area.
 1. Undo the grub screw in the coupling hub.
 2. Pull the coupling hub off pump shaft 210 with a puller.
 3. Remove key 940.02.
 4. Remove pump-end bearing cover 360.01 and drive-end bearing cover 360.02.
 5. Remove hexagon head bolts 901.01 and 901.02 as well as gaskets 400.01 and 400.02.
 6. Press shaft 210 out of the shaft seat.
 7. Remove radial ball bearings 321.01 and 321.02, and place them on a clean and level surface.
 8. Dispose of gaskets 400.01 and 400.02.

Grease lubrication

- ✓ The notes and steps stated in (⇒ Section 7.4.1, Page 54) to (⇒ Section 7.4.6, Page 56) have been observed and carried out.
- ✓ The bearing bracket has been placed in a clean and level assembly area.
 1. Undo the grub screw in the coupling hub.
 2. Pull the coupling hub off pump shaft 210 with a puller or, for split-hub coupling designs, undo the screws and take off the hub halves.
 3. Remove key 940.02.
 4. Remove axial seal rings 411.77 and 411.78.
 5. Remove pump-end bearing cover 360.01 and drive-end bearing cover 360.02.
 6. Remove circlips 932.01 and 932.02.
 7. Press shaft 210 out of the bearing seats.
 8. Remove radial ball bearings 321.01 and 321.02, and place them on a clean and level surface.

7.5 Reassembling the pump set

7.5.1 General information/Safety regulations

	⚠ WARNING Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components Personal injury and damage to property! ▷ Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.
---	--

	CAUTION Improper reassembly Damage to the pump! ▸ Reassemble the pump (set) in accordance with the general rules of sound engineering practice. ▸ Use original spare parts only.
---	--

Sequence Always reassemble the pump in accordance with the corresponding general assembly drawing or exploded view.

Sealing elements Check O-rings for any damage and replace by new O-rings if required.
Always use new gaskets, making sure that they have the same thickness as the old ones.
Always fit gaskets of asbestos-free materials or graphite without using lubricants (e.g. copper grease, graphite paste).

Assembly aids Avoid the use of assembly adhesives if possible.
Should an assembly adhesive be required after all, use a commercially available contact adhesive (e.g. Pattex) or sealant (e.g. HYLOMAR or Epplle 33).
Only apply adhesive at selected points and in thin layers.
Never use quick-setting adhesives (cyanoacrylate adhesives).
Coat the locating surfaces of the individual components with graphite or similar before reassembly.
Prior to reassembly, screw back any forcing screws and adjusting screws.

Tightening torques For reassembly, tighten all screws and bolts as specified in this manual.
(⇒ Section 7.6, Page 64)

7.5.2 Installing the bearing assembly

Oil lubrication

- ✓ The individual parts have been placed in a clean and level assembly area.
 - ✓ All dismantled parts have been cleaned and checked for wear.
 - ✓ Any damaged or worn parts have been replaced by original spare parts.
 - ✓ The sealing surfaces have been cleaned.
1. Press radial ball bearings 321.01 and 321.02 onto shaft 210.
 2. Slide the pre-assembled shaft into bearing bracket 330.
 3. Insert new gaskets 400.01 and 400.02.
 4. Fasten bearing covers 360.01 and 360.02 with hexagon head bolts 901.01 and 901.02. Watch lip seals 421.01 and 421.02.
 5. Insert key 940.02.
 6. Pull the half coupling onto the drive-end shaft stub.
 7. Secure the coupling hub with a grub screw.

Grease lubrication

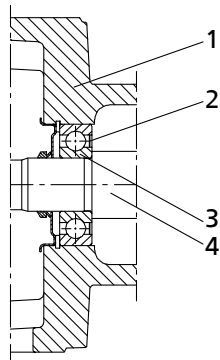


Fig. 20: Installing the radial ball bearing

1	Bearing bracket	2	Shield
3	Radial ball bearing	4	Shaft

- ✓ The individual parts have been placed in a clean and level assembly area.
 - ✓ All dismantled parts have been cleaned and checked for wear.
 - ✓ Any damaged or worn parts have been replaced by original spare parts.
 - ✓ The sealing surfaces have been cleaned.
1. Press radial ball bearings 321.01 and 321.02 onto shaft 210.
Make sure the bearing side with the shield rests against the shaft shoulder (see illustration: Installing the radial ball bearings).
 2. Slide the pre-assembled shaft into bearing bracket 330.
 3. Fit circlips 932.01 and 932.02.
 4. Fit bearing covers 360.01 and 360.02.
 5. Fit axial seal rings 411.77 and 411.78.
 6. Insert key 940.02.
 7. Fit the coupling hub on pump shaft 210. For split-hub coupling designs, fit the hub halves on pump shaft 210. Fit and tighten the screws clamping the hub halves together. Observe the tightening torques. (⇒ Section 7.6, Page 64)
 8. Secure the coupling hub with a grub screw.

7.5.3 Fitting the shaft seal

7.5.3.1 Installing a single mechanical seal

Installing the mechanical seal

The following rules must be observed when installing the mechanical seal:

- Work cleanly and accurately.
 - Only remove the protective wrapping of the contact faces immediately before installation takes place.
 - Prevent any damage to the sealing surfaces or O-rings.
 - ✓ The notes and steps in (⇒ Section 7.5.1, Page 57) up to (⇒ Section 7.5.2, Page 58) have been observed/carried out.
 - ✓ The bearing assembly as well as the individual parts have been placed in a clean and level/even assembly area.
 - ✓ All dismantled parts have been cleaned and checked for wear.
 - ✓ Any damaged or worn parts have been replaced by original spare parts.
 - ✓ The sealing surfaces have been cleaned.
1. Clean shaft sleeve 523, and touch up any score marks or scratches with a polishing cloth, if necessary.
If score marks or scratches are still visible, replace shaft sleeve 523.

2. Slide shaft sleeve 523 with new gasket 400.75 onto shaft 210.
3. Clean the mating ring location in casing cover 161.

	CAUTION
	Elastomers in contact with oil/grease Shaft seal failure! ▷ Use water as assembly lubricant. ▷ Never use oil or grease as assembly lubricant.

4. Carefully insert the mating ring.
Make sure to apply pressure evenly.
5. On models with a bolted casing cover loosen forcing screws 901.31.
6. Place casing cover 161 into the locating fit of bearing bracket 330.
7. On models with a clamped casing cover fit transport locks 901.22. The casing cover is now held in place against the bearing bracket.
8. Fit cover plates 81-92.01 and 81-92.02 with bolts 901.98 and lock washers 554.98 on the bearing bracket.
9. Fit and tighten nuts 920.15, if any.

	NOTE
	To reduce friction forces when assembling the seal, wet the shaft sleeve and the location of the stationary ring with water.

10. Fit the rotating assembly of the mechanical seal (primary ring) on shaft sleeve 523.

Observe the following installation dimension b for mechanical seals with overall length L_{1k} to EN 12756 (design KU):

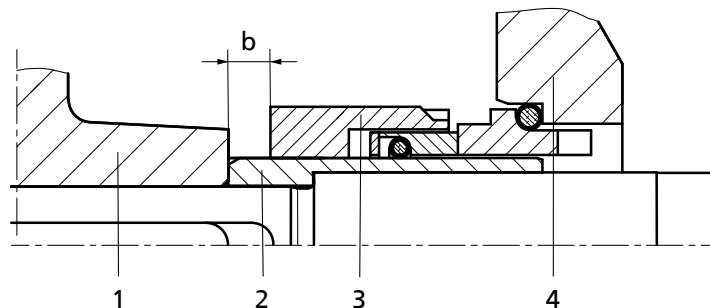


Fig. 21: Installation dimension b of mechanical seal

1	Impeller	2	Shaft sleeve
3	Mechanical seal	4	Casing cover

Table 23: Installation dimensions of the mechanical seal

Shaft unit ¹²⁾	Installation dimension b [mm]
65	21,5
85	15

7.5.3.2 Installing a double mechanical seal

See supplementary operating manual.

¹² Shaft unit see data sheet.

7.5.3.3 Fitting the gland packing

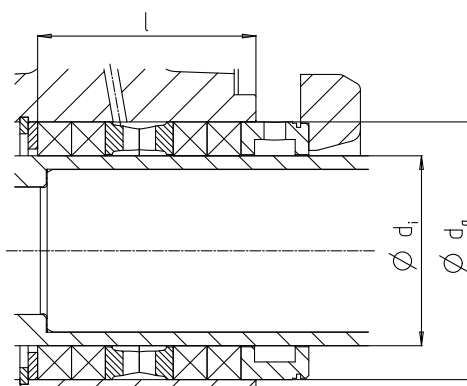


Fig. 22: Gland packing chamber

Table 24: Gland packing chamber dimensions

Shaft unit ¹³⁾	Gland packing chamber			Packing dimensions [mm]	Number of packing rings / lantern ring ¹⁴⁾	
	$\varnothing d_i$	$\varnothing d_a$	l		P1 (Na); P3 (Nc); P4 (VSH)	P2 (Nb)
65	70	95	80,5	□ 12,5 x 270	4 / 1	6 / 0
85	80	105	80,5	□ 12,5 x 295	4 / 1	6 / 0

✓ The notes and steps stated in (⇒ Section 7.5.1, Page 57) to (⇒ Section 7.5.2, Page 58) have been observed and carried out.

✓ The bearing assembly as well as the individual parts have been placed in a clean and level assembly area.

✓ All dismantled parts have been cleaned and checked for wear.

✓ Any damaged or worn parts have been replaced by original spare parts.

✓ The sealing surfaces have been cleaned.



Fig. 23: Packing ring cut to size

Variant with packing ring cut to size

1. Clean the gland packing chamber.
2. Insert packing ring 461 into the gland packing chamber of casing cover 161.
3. Use stuffing box ring 454 to tamp down packing ring 461.
4. Slide the shaft protecting sleeve (chamfered side first) into the gland packing chamber from the non-drive end.
5. Insert lantern ring 458, if any (see drawing above).
Insert subsequent packing rings one at a time, with their joints staggered at approximately 90°. Use stuffing box ring 454 to seat each individual packing ring in the gland packing chamber. Once each packing ring is in place, slide shaft protecting sleeve 524 back into position.
6. Place gland follower 452 on studs 902.2 and tighten it lightly and evenly with hexagon nuts 920.2, so that packing rings 461 are not compressed yet.
7. Use a feeler gauge to verify that gland follower 452 is fitted centred and at a right angle to the shaft.
8. Slide new gasket 400.75 onto shaft 210.
9. On variants with a bolted casing cover undo forcing screws 901.31 without removing them.

¹³ Relevant shaft unit see data sheet.

¹⁴ For operation with positive suction head and suction pressure > 0,5 bar, the lantern ring is replaced by two additional packing rings.

10. Place casing cover 161 into the locating fit of bearing bracket 330. Verify that shaft 210 and shaft protecting sleeve 524 are aligned properly.
11. On models with a clamped casing cover fasten transport locks 901.22. The casing cover is now fastened to the bearing bracket.
12. Fit cover plates 81-92.01 and 81-92.02 with bolts 901.98 and lock washers 554.98 on the bearing bracket.
13. Fit and tighten nuts 920.15, if any.
14. Tighten gland follower 452 lightly and evenly.
The pump rotor must be easy to rotate.

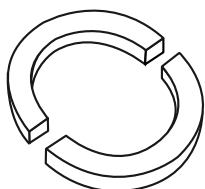


Fig. 24: Pure graphite packing ring

Variant with pure graphite packing ring

1. Clean the packing chamber.
2. Insert pure graphite packing ring 461.
3. Use stuffing box ring 454 to tamp down pure graphite packing ring 461.
4. Slide the shaft protecting sleeve (chamfered side first) into the gland packing chamber from the pump end.
A visible gap must remain between shaft protecting sleeve 524 and the packing rings.
5. Insert subsequent pure graphite packing rings 461 one at a time, with their joints staggered at approximately 90°. Use stuffing box ring 454 to seat each individual packing ring in the packing chamber. Once each packing ring is in place, slide shaft protecting sleeve 524 back into position.
The pure graphite packing rings 461 must always fit snugly in the stuffing box.
6. Position gland follower 452 on studs 902.2. Fasten by tightening nuts 920.2 lightly and evenly.
7. Use a feeler gauge to verify that gland follower 452 is fitted centred and at a right angle to the shaft.
8. Slide new gasket 400.75 onto shaft 210.
9. On models with a bolted casing cover undo forcing screws 901.31 without removing them.
10. Place casing cover 161 into the locating fit of bearing bracket 330. Verify that shaft 210 and shaft protecting sleeve 524 are aligned properly.
11. On models with a clamped casing cover fasten transport locks 901.22. The casing cover is now fastened to the bearing bracket.
12. Fit cover plates 81-92.01 and 81-92.02 with bolts 901.98 and lock washers 554.98 on the bearing bracket.
13. Fit and tighten nuts 920.15 if applicable.
14. Tighten gland follower 452 lightly and evenly.
The rotor must be easy to rotate.

7.5.4 Fitting the impeller

- ✓ The notes and steps in (⇒ Section 7.5.1, Page 57) to (⇒ Section 7.5.3, Page 59) have been observed/carried out.
 - ✓ The assembled bearing bracket as well as the individual parts have been placed in a clean and level/even assembly area.
 - ✓ All dismantled parts have been cleaned and checked for wear.
 - ✓ Any damaged or worn parts have been replaced by original spare parts.
 - ✓ The sealing surfaces have been cleaned.
1. Insert key 940.1 and, if applicable, key 940.09. Slide impeller 230 onto shaft 210.

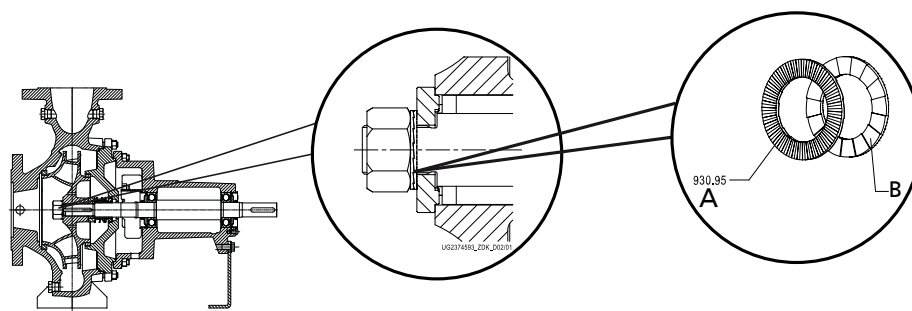


Fig. 25: Lock washers 930.95

A	Outer side of the two lock washers	B	Inner side of the two lock washers
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2. Fit disc 550.95 and lock washers 930.95 in pairs (⇒ Fig. 25) and fasten impeller nut 920.95. (⇒ Section 7.6, Page 64)

7.5.5 Installing the back pull-out unit



WARNING

Back pull-out unit tilting

Risk of crushing hands and feet!

- ▷ Suspend or support the bearing bracket at the pump end.

- ✓ The notes and steps stated in (⇒ Section 7.5.1, Page 57) to have been observed and carried out.
 - ✓ Any damaged or worn parts have been replaced by original spare parts.
 - ✓ The sealing surfaces have been cleaned.
 - ✓ For back pull-out units without coupling, fit the coupling in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
1. Insert new gasket 400.10 or 411.10 into volute casing 102.
 2. Loosen forcing screws 901.30 or 901.31.
 3. Suspend or support the back pull-out unit to prevent it from tilting. Guide the back pull-out unit over studs 902.01 and into volute casing 102.
 4. Tighten nut 920.01 at the volute casing. Observe the tightening torques. (⇒ Section 7.6, Page 64)
 5. Bolt support foot 183 to the baseplate.

7.5.6 Mounting the motor



NOTE

Steps 1 and 2 do not apply to versions with spacer-type coupling.

1. Shift the motor to connect it to the pump via the coupling.
2. Fasten the motor to the baseplate.
3. Align pump and motor. (⇒ Section 5.7, Page 33)
4. Connect the motor to the power supply (refer to manufacturer's product literature).

7.6 Tightening torques

7.6.1 Tightening torques for the pump

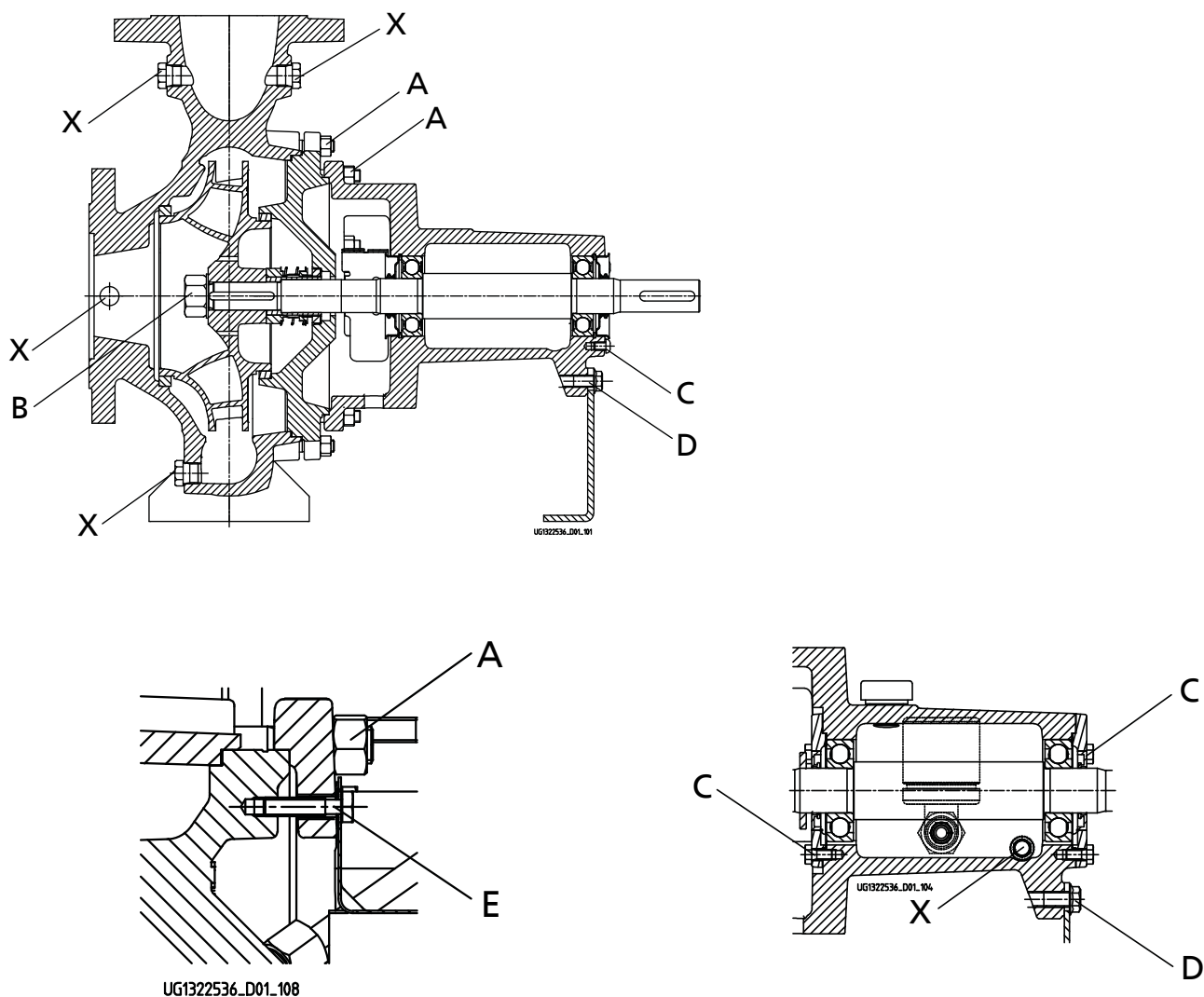


Fig. 26: Tightening points: version with bolted casing cover and grease lubrication (a), version with clamped casing cover (b) and oil lubrication (c)

Table 25: Tightening torques

Position	Thread	Tightening torques
		[Nm]
A	M16	125
B	M24 × 1,5	300
	M30 × 1,5	520
C	M8	20
	M10	38
	M12	55
D	M16	210
E	M8	10
X	1/8	25
	1/4	55
	3/8	80
	1/2	130

Position	Thread	Tightening torques
		[Nm]
X	3/4	220

7.6.2 Tightening torques for the shaft seal

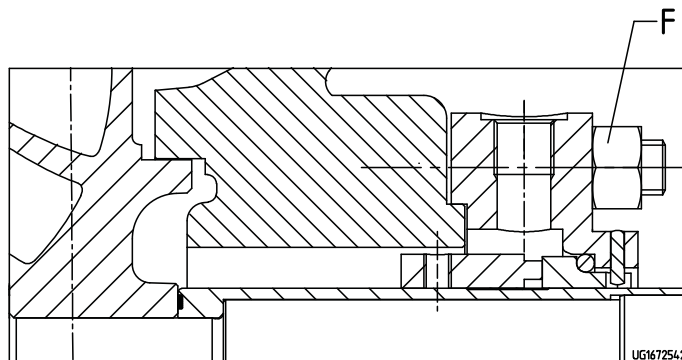


Fig. 27: Position

Table 26: Tightening torques for the shaft seal

Position	Thread	Tightening torque [Nm]
F	M 16	120

7.6.3 Tightening torques for the pump set

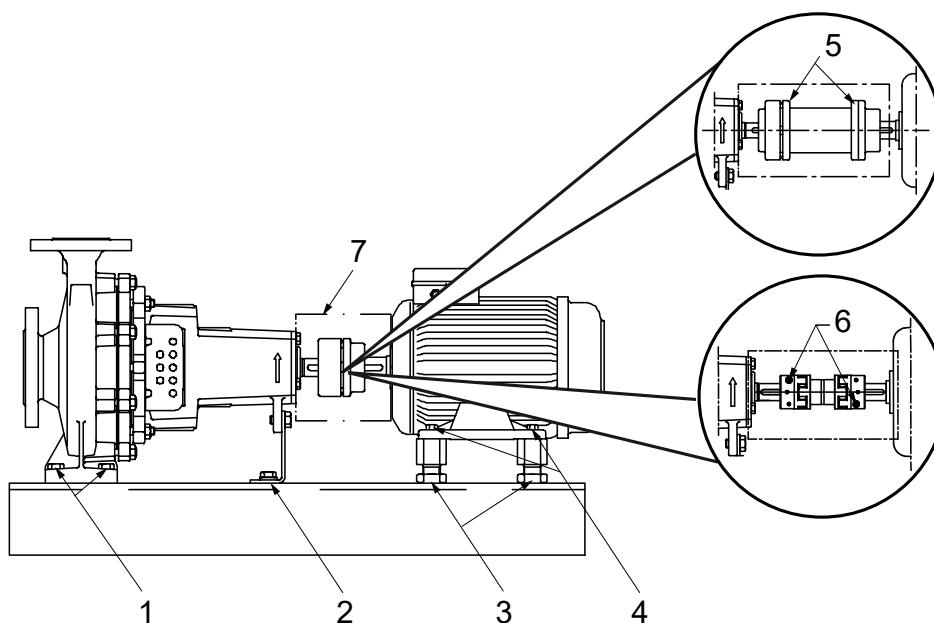


Fig. 28: Position of bolts/screws at the pump set

Table 27: Tightening torques for bolted/screwed connections at the pump set

Position	Thread size	Tightening torque	Comments
		[Nm]	
1	M20	250	Pump on baseplate
	M24	250	
	M30	250	
2	M16	75	Adjusting screws in baseplate
3	M24 × 1,5	140	

Position	Thread size	Tightening torque	Comments
		[Nm]	
3	M36 × 1,5	140	Adjusting screws in base-plate
4	M6	10	Motor on baseplate or motor on adjusting screws or bases
	M8	10	
	M10	15	
	M12	30	
	M16	75	
	M20	140	
	M24	140	
5	M6	13	Coupling (only for spacer-type coupling made by Flender)
	M8	18	
	M10	44	
6	M8	34	Coupling (only for double Cardan spacer-type coupling and split-hub coupling design, make: KTR)
	M10	67	
	M12	115	
	M16	290	
	M20	560	
7	M6	10	Coupling guard

7.7 Spare parts stock

7.7.1 Ordering spare parts

Always quote the following data when ordering replacement or spare parts:

- Order number
- Order item number
- Consecutive number
- Type series
- Size
- Material variant
- Seal code
- Year of construction

Refer to the name plate for all data.

Also specify the following data:

- Part number and description (⇒ Section 9.1, Page 70)
- Quantity of spare parts
- Shipping address
- Mode of dispatch (freight, mail, express freight, air freight)

7.7.2 Recommended spare parts stock

Table 28: Quantity of spare parts for recommended spare parts stock for commissioning

Part No.	Description	Number of pumps									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and more
433	Mechanical seal	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	25 %
400.10	Gasket	2	4	6	8	8	9	9	12	12	150 %

Part No.	Description	Number of pumps									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and more
400.75	Gasket	2	4	6	8	8	9	9	12	12	150 %
411.10	Gasket	2	4	6	8	8	9	9	12	12	150 %

Table 29: Quantity of spare parts for recommended spare parts stock for 2 years' operation to DIN 24296

Part No.	Description	Number of pumps									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and more
210	Shaft	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	20 %
230	Impeller	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	20 %
321.01/.02	Rolling element bearing (set)	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	25 %
433	Mechanical seal	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	25 %
502.01/.02	Casing wear ring ¹⁵⁾ (set)	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	50 %
523	Shaft sleeve	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	50 %
524	Shaft protecting sleeve	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	50 %
458	Lantern ring ¹⁵⁾	2	4	4	6	6	6	8	8	8	100 %
461	Gland packing (set)	2	4	4	6	6	6	6	8	8	100 %
400.10	Gasket	2	4	6	8	8	9	9	12	12	150 %
400.75	Gasket	2	4	6	8	8	9	9	12	12	150 %
411.10	Gasket	2	4	6	8	8	9	9	12	12	150 %

8 Trouble-shooting

	 WARNING Improper work to remedy faults Risk of injury! ► For any work performed to remedy faults, observe the relevant information given in this operating manual and/or in the product literature provided by the accessories manufacturer.
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If problems occur that are not described in the following table, consultation with the KSB service is required.

- A** Pump delivers insufficient flow rate
- B** Motor overload
- C** Excessive discharge pressure
- D** Increased bearing temperature
- E** Leakage at the pump
- F** Excessive leakage at the shaft seal
- G** Vibrations during pump operation
- H** Impermissible temperature increase in the pump

Table 30: Trouble-shooting

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	Possible cause	Remedy ¹⁶⁾
X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Pump delivers against an excessively high pressure.	Re-adjust to duty point. Check system for impurities. Fit a larger impeller. ¹⁷⁾ Increase the speed (turbine, I.C. engine).
X	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	Pump or piping are not completely vented or primed.	Vent and/or prime.
X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Supply line or impeller clogged	Remove deposits in the pump and/or piping.
X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Formation of air pockets in the piping	Alter piping layout. Fit vent valve.
X	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	Suction lift is too high/NPSH _{available} (positive suction head) is too low.	Check/alter fluid level. Install pump at a lower level. Fully open the shut-off element in the suction line. Change suction line, if the friction losses in the suction line are too high. Check any strainers installed/suction opening. Observe permissible speed of pressure fall.
X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Air intake at the shaft seal	Supply external barrier fluid, if necessary, or increase barrier fluid pressure. Replace shaft seal.
X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Wrong direction of rotation	Check the electrical connection of the motor and the control system, if any.
X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Speed is too low. - Operation with frequency inverter - Operation without frequency inverter	- Increase voltage/frequency at the frequency inverter in the permissible range. - Check voltage.
X	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	Wear of internal components	Replace worn components by new ones.
-	X	-	-	-	-	X	-	Pump back pressure is lower than specified in the purchase order.	Re-adjust to duty point. In the case of persistent overloading, turn down impeller. ¹⁷⁾

¹⁶ Pump pressure must be released before attempting to remedy faults on parts which are subjected to pressure.

¹⁷ Contact the manufacturer.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	Possible cause	Remedy ¹⁶⁾
-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	Density or viscosity of fluid handled higher than stated in purchase order	Contact the manufacturer.
-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	Use of unsuitable shaft seal materials	Change the material combination. ¹⁷⁾
-	X	-	-	-	X	-	-	Gland follower over-tightened or cocked	Adjust.
-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	Speed is too high.	Reduce speed. ¹⁷⁾
-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	Tie bolts/sealing element defective	Fit new sealing element between volute casing and casing cover. Re-tighten the bolts.
-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	Worn shaft seal	Fit new shaft seal. Check flushing liquid/barrier fluid.
X	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	Score marks or roughness on shaft protecting sleeve / shaft sleeve	Replace shaft protecting sleeve/shaft sleeve. Fit new shaft seal.
-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	Dismantle to find out.	Correct. Fit new shaft seal, if required.
-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	Vibrations during pump operation	Correct the suction conditions. Re-align the pump set. Re-balance the impeller. Increase pressure at the pump suction nozzle.
-	-	-	X	-	X	X	-	Pump set is misaligned.	Re-align pump set.
-	-	-	X	-	X	X	-	Pump is warped or sympathetic vibrations in the piping.	Check the piping connections and secure fixing of pump; if required, reduce distances between the pipe clamps. Fix the pipelines using anti-vibration material.
-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	Increased axial thrust ¹⁷⁾	Clean balancing holes in the impeller. Replace the casing wear rings.
-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	Insufficient or excessive quantity of lubricant or unsuitable lubricant.	Top up, reduce or change lubricant.
-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	Non-compliance with specified coupling distance	Correct the distance according to general arrangement drawing.
X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	Motor is running on two phases only.	Replace the defective fuse. Check the electric cable connections.
-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	Rotor out of balance	Clean the impeller. Re-balance the impeller.
-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	Defective bearing(s)	Replace.
-	-	-	X	-	-	X	X	Flow rate is too low.	Increase the minimum flow rate.
-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	Incorrect inflow of circulation liquid	Increase the free cross-section.

9 Related Documents

9.1 General assembly drawings

9.1.1 Version with standardised mechanical seal and bolted casing cover

This illustration applies to the following pump sizes:

150-125-510	200-150-510	250-200-375	300-250-375	350-300-350
		250-200-435	300-250-435	350-300-350.1
		250-200-510	300-250-510	350-300-375
				350-300-435
				350-300-510

[Supplied in packaging units only

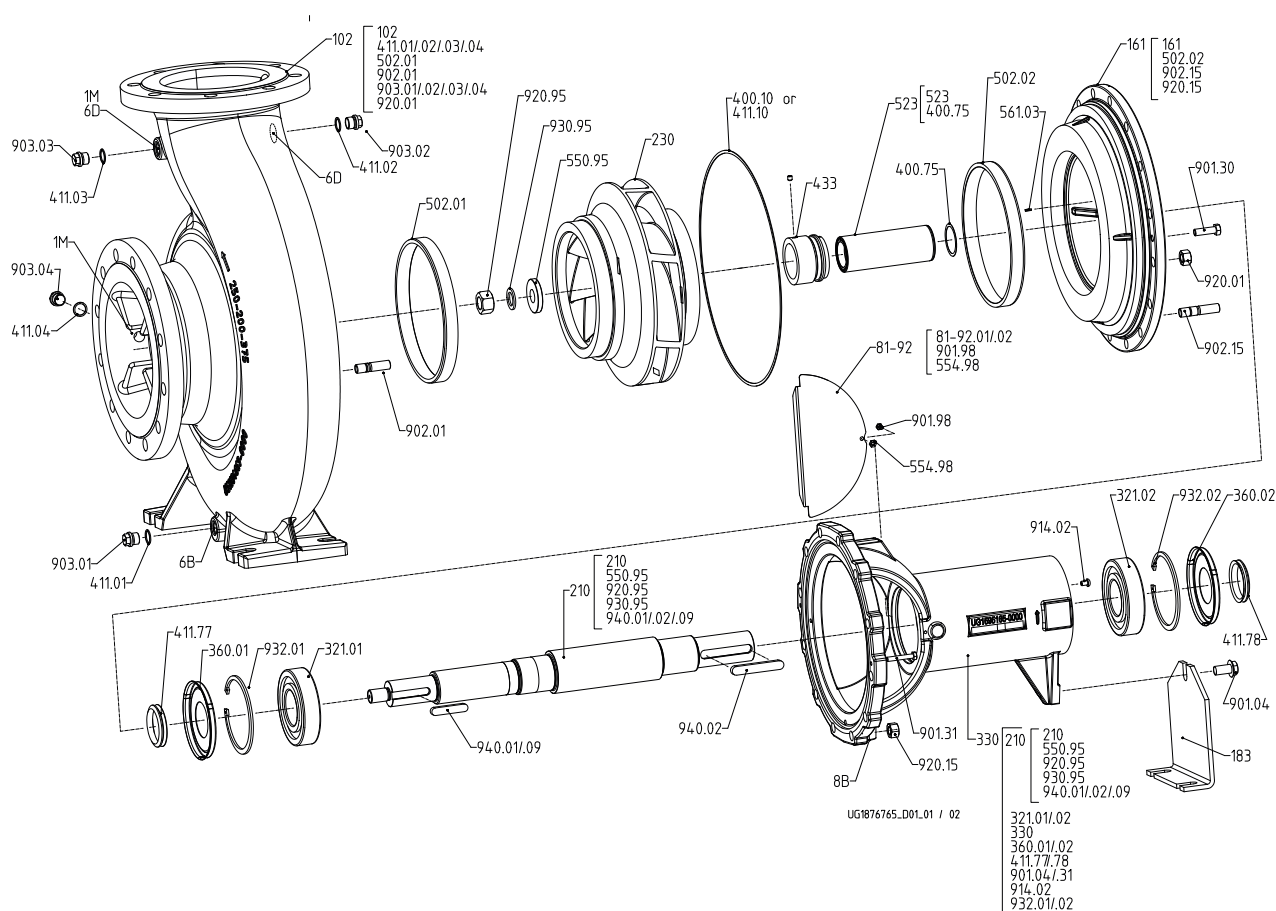


Fig. 29: Version with standardised mechanical seal and bolted casing cover

Table 31: List of components

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
102	Volute casing	523	Shaft sleeve
161	Casing cover	550.95	Disc
183	Support foot	554.98	Lock washer
210	Shaft	561.03	Grooved pin
230	Impeller	81-92.01/02	Cover plate
321.01/02	Deep groove ball bearing	901.04/.30/.31/.98	Hexagon head bolt
330	Bearing bracket	902.01/.15	Stud
360.01/02	Bearing cover	903.01/.02/.03/.04	Screw plug
400.10/.75	Gasket	914.02	Round-head screw

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
411.01/.02/.03/.04/.10	Joint ring	920.01/.15/.95	Hexagon nut
411.77/.78	Axial seal ring	930.95	Lock washer
433	Mechanical seal	932.01/.02	Circlip
502.01/.02	Casing wear ring	940.01/.02/.09	Key

Table 32: Connections

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
1M	Connection for pressure gauge	6D	Fluid priming and venting
6B	Fluid drain	8B	Leakage drain

9.1.2 Version with standardised mechanical seal and clamped casing cover

Table 33: This illustration applies to the following pump sizes:

200-200-250	250-200-275	300-250-295
	250-200-320	300-250-295.1
		300-250-320

[Supplied in packaging units only

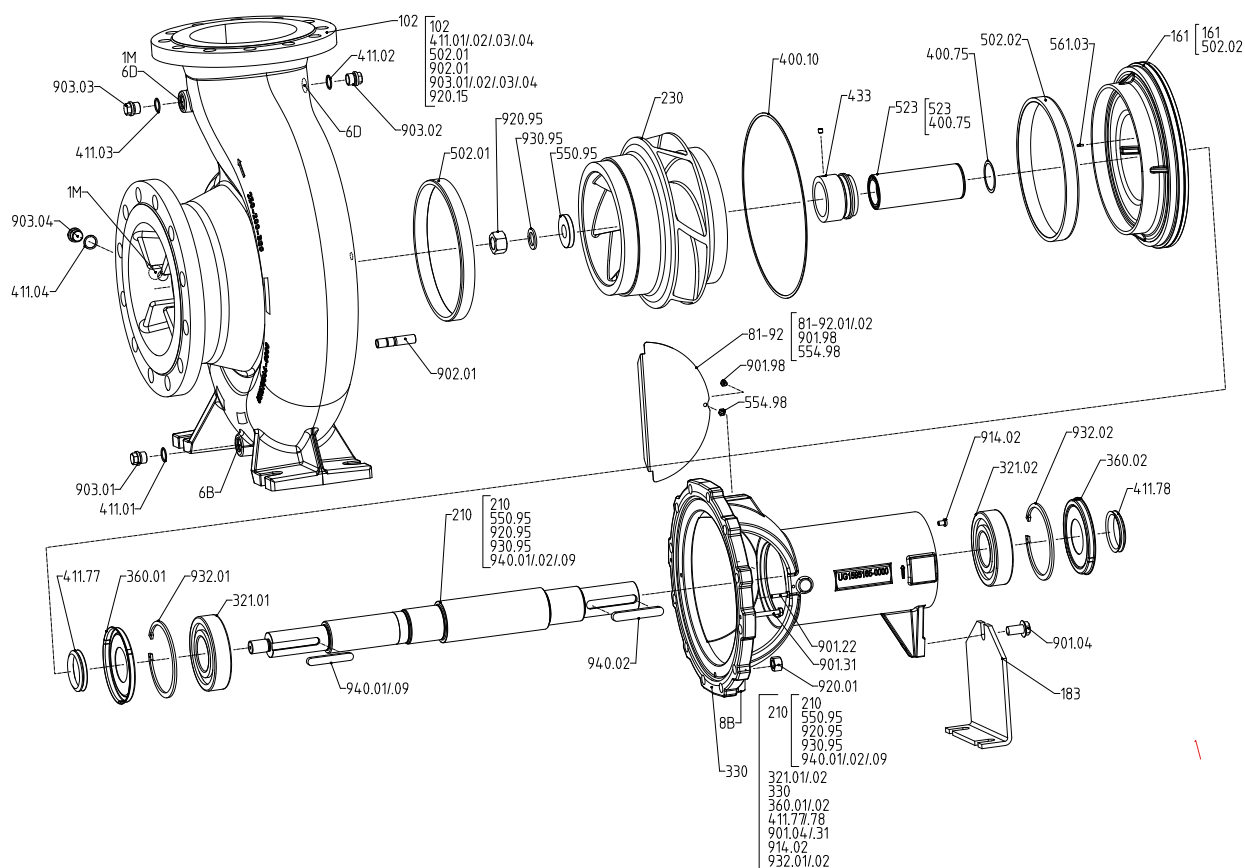


Fig. 30: Version with standardised mechanical seal and clamped casing cover

Table 34: List of components

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
102	Volute casing	523	Shaft sleeve
161	Casing cover	550.95	Disc
183	Support foot	554.98	Lock washer
210	Shaft	561.03	Grooved pin
230	Impeller	81-92.01/.02	Cover plate
321.01/.02	Deep groove ball bearing	901.04/.22/.31/.98	Hexagon head bolt
330	Bearing bracket	902.01	Stud
360.01/.02	Bearing cover	903.01/.02/.03/.04	Screw plug
400.10/.75	Gasket	914.02	Round-head screw
411.01/.02/.03/.04	Joint ring	920.01/.95	Hexagon nut
411.77/.78	Axial seal ring	930.95	Lock washer
433	Mechanical seal	932.01/.02	Circlip
502.01/.02	Casing wear ring	940.01/.02/.09	Key

Table 35: Connections

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
1M	Connection for pressure gauge	6D	Fluid priming and venting
6B	Fluid drain	8B	Leakage drain

9.1.3 Version with gland packing and bolted casing cover

Table 36: This illustration applies to the following pump sizes:

150-125-510	200-150-510	250-200-375	300-250-375	350-300-350
		250-200-435	300-250-435	350-300-350.1
		250-200-510	300-250-510	350-300-375
				350-300-435
				350-300-510

[Supplied in packaging units only

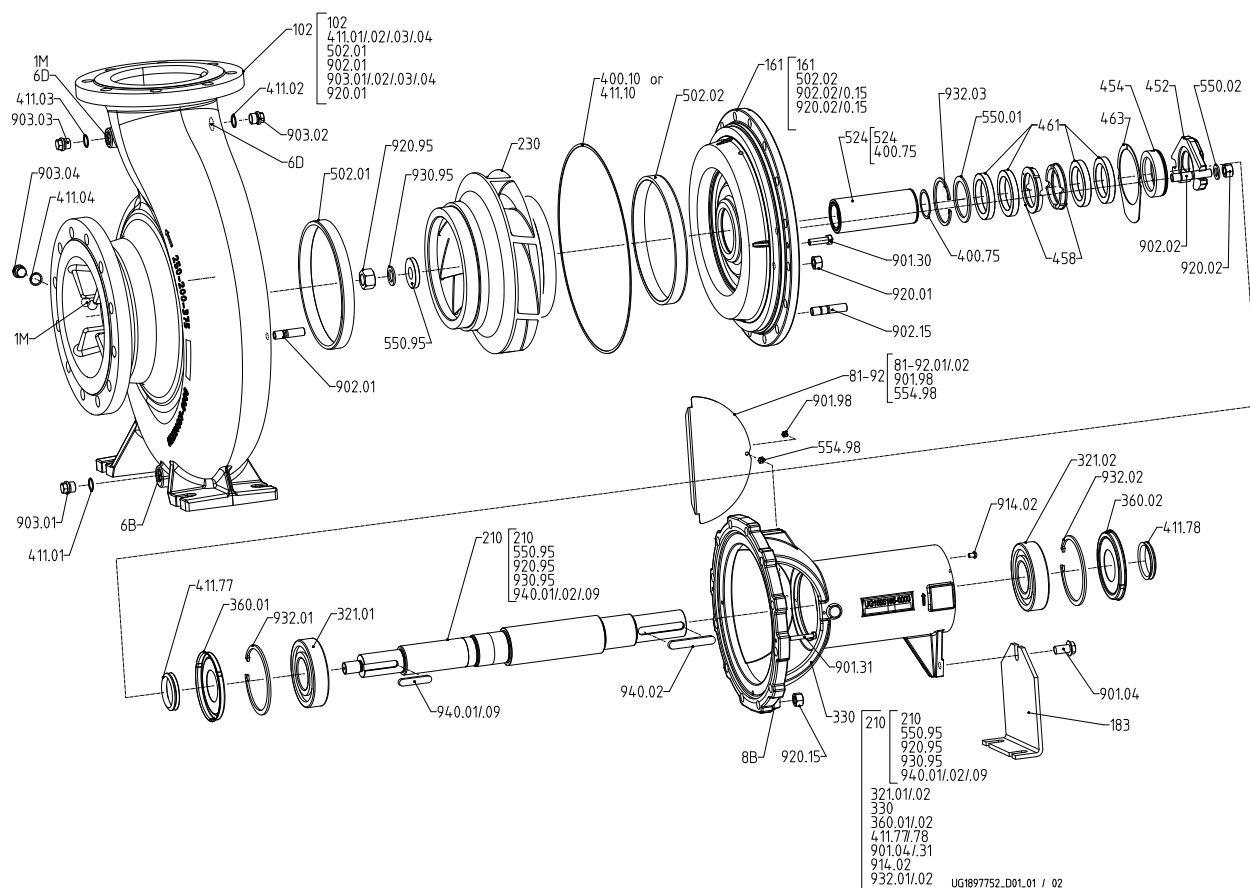


Fig. 31: Version with gland packing and bolted casing cover

Table 37: List of components

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
102	Volute casing	461	Gland packing
161	Casing cover	502.01/.02	Casing wear ring
183	Support foot	524	Shaft protecting sleeve
210	Shaft	550.95	Disc
230	Impeller	554.98	Lock washer
321.01/.02	Deep groove ball bearing	81-92.01/.02	Cover plate
330	Bearing bracket	901.04/.30/.31/.98	Hexagon head bolt
360.01/.02	Bearing cover	902.01/.02/.15	Stud
400.10/.75	Gasket	903.01/.02/.03/.04	Screw plug
411.01/.02/.03/.04/.10	Joint ring	914.02	Round-head screw
411.77/.78	Axial seal ring	920.01/.02/.15/.95	Hexagon nut
452	Gland follower	930.95	Lock washer

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
454	Stuffing box ring	932.01/.02	Circlip
458	Lantern ring	940.01/.02/.09	Key

Table 38: Connections

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
1M	Connection for pressure gauge	6D	Fluid priming and venting
6B	Fluid drain	8B	Leakage drain

9.1.4 Version with gland packing and clamped casing cover

Table 39: This illustration applies to the following pump sizes:

200-200-250	250-200-275	300-250-295
	250-200-320	300-250-295.1
		300-250-320

[Supplied in packaging units only

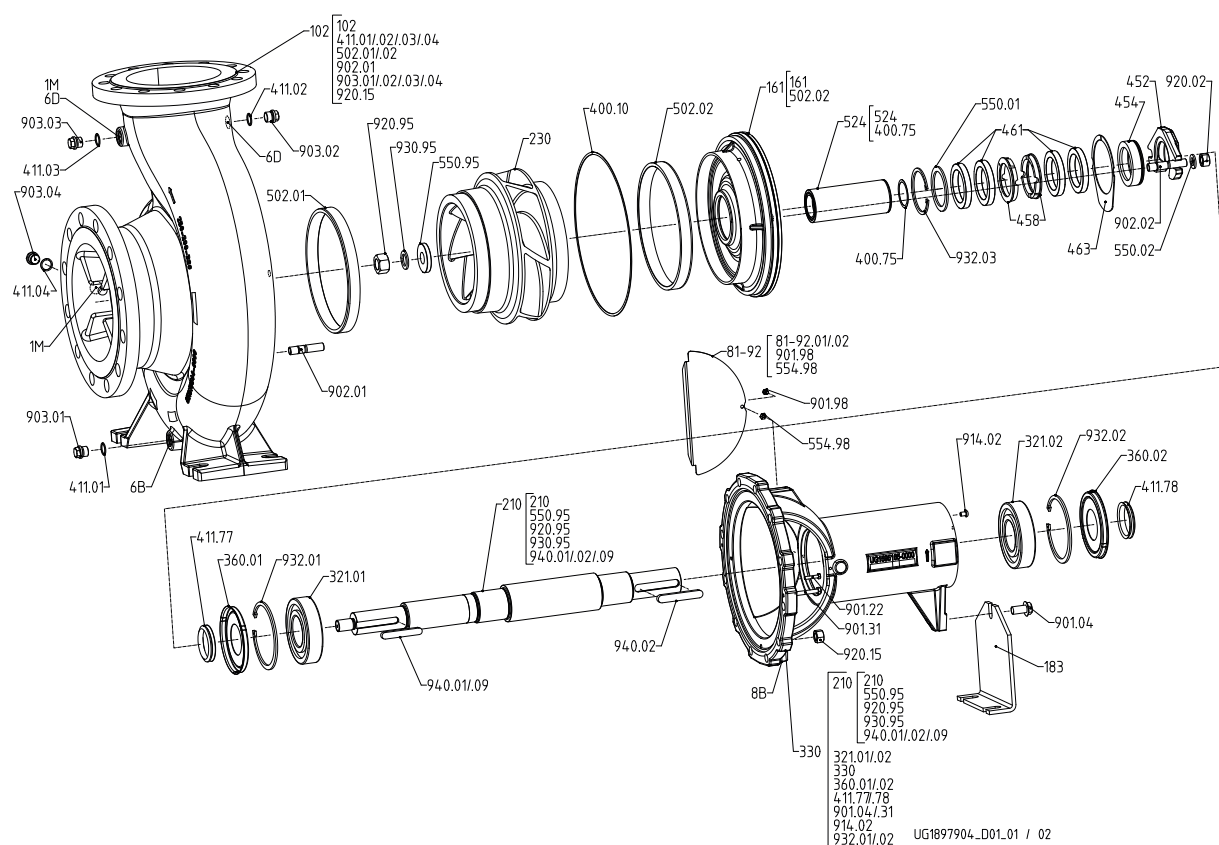


Fig. 32: Version with gland packing and clamped casing cover

Table 40: List of components

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
102	Volute casing	461	Gland packing
161	Casing cover	502.01/.02	Casing wear ring
183	Support foot	524	Shaft protecting sleeve
210	Shaft	550.95	Disc
230	Impeller	554.98	Lock washer
321.01/.02	Deep groove ball bearing	81-92.01/.02	Cover plate
330	Bearing bracket	901.04/.22/.31/.98	Hexagon head bolt
360.01/.02	Bearing cover	902.01/.02	Stud
400.10/.75	Gasket	903.01/.02/.03/.04	Screw plug
411.01/.02/.03/.04	Joint ring	914.02	Round-head screw
411.77/.78	Axial seal ring	920.01/.02/.95	Hexagon nut
452	Gland follower	930.95	Lock washer
454	Stuffing box ring	932.01/.02	Circlip
458	Lantern ring	940.01/.02/.09	Key

Table 41: Connections

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
1M	Connection for pressure gauge	6D	Fluid priming and venting
6B	Fluid drain	8B	Leakage drain

9.1.5 Version with oil lubrication and constant level oiler

Table 42: This illustration applies to the following pump sizes:

150-125-510	200-150-510	250-200-275	300-250-295	350-300-350
	200-200-250	250-200-320	300-250-295.1	350-300-350.1
		250-200-375	300-250-320	350-300-375
		250-200-435	300-250-375	350-300-435
		250-200-510	300-250-435	350-300-510
			300-250-510	

[Supplied in packaging units only

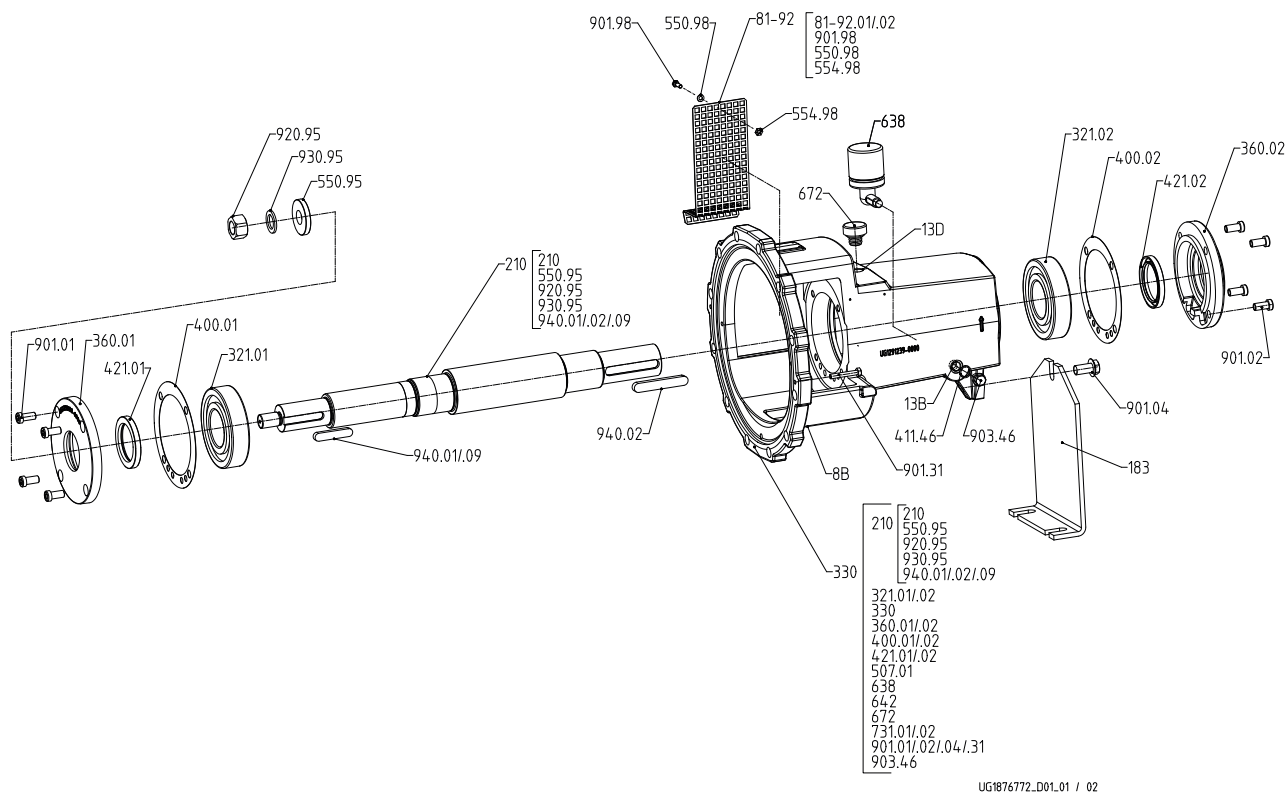


Fig. 33: Version with oil lubrication and constant level oiler

Table 43: List of components¹⁸⁾

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
183	Support foot	554.98	Lock washer
210	Shaft	638	Constant level oiler
330	Bearing bracket	672	Vent
321.01/.02	Deep groove ball bearing	81-92.1/2	Cover plate
360.01/.02	Bearing cover	901.01/.02/.04/.31/.98	Hexagon head bolt
400.01/.02	Gasket	903.46	Screw plug
411.46	Joint ring	920.95	Hexagon nut
421.01/.02	Lip seal	930.95	Lock washer
507.01	Thrower	940.01/.02/.09	Key
550.95/.98	Disc		

¹⁸ Some individual components might not be applicable, depending on the pump size and material.

Table 44: Connections

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
8B	Leakage drain	13D	Oil filling and venting
13B	Oil drain		

10 UK Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:

KSB SE & Co. KGaA
Johann-Klein-Straße 9
67227 Frankenthal (Germany)

This UK Declaration of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

The manufacturer herewith declares that **the product**:

Etanorm **(complementary sizes)**

KSB order number:

- is in conformity with the provisions of the following directives / regulations as amended from time to time:
 - Pump (set): Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008
 - Electrical components: Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012

The manufacturer also declares that

- the following *designated standards*¹⁹⁾ have been applied:
 - EN ISO 12100:2010 (8 April 2011)
 - EN 809:1998+A1:2009/AC:2010 (18 December 2009)
- Applied national technical standards and specifications, in particular:
 - DIN EN ISO 5199

Person authorised to compile the technical file:

Name
Function
Address (company)
Address (street, No.)
Address (post or ZIP code, city) (country)

Place, date

.....²⁰⁾.....

Name
Function
Company
Address

19 Apart from the standards listed here referring to the *Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008*, further standards are observed for explosion-proof versions (*Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016*) as applicable and are listed in the legally binding UK Declaration of Conformity.

20 A signed, legally binding UK Declaration of Conformity is supplied with the product.

11 Certificate of Decontamination

Type:

Order number /
Order item number²¹⁾:

Delivery date:

Application:

Fluid handled²¹⁾:

Please tick where applicable²¹⁾:



☐
Corrosive



☐
Oxidising



☐
Flammable



☐
Explosive



☐
Hazardous to health



☐
Seriously hazardous to health



☐
Toxic



☐
Radioactive



☐
Bio-hazardous



☒
Safe

Reason for return²¹⁾:

Comments:

The product / accessories have been carefully drained, cleaned and decontaminated inside and outside prior to dispatch / placing at your disposal.

We herewith declare that this product is free from hazardous chemicals and biological and radioactive substances.

For mag-drive pumps, the inner rotor unit (impeller, casing cover, bearing ring carrier, plain bearing, inner rotor) has been removed from the pump and cleaned. In cases of containment shroud leakage, the outer rotor, bearing bracket lantern, leakage barrier and bearing bracket or intermediate piece have also been cleaned.

For canned motor pumps, the rotor and plain bearing have been removed from the pump for cleaning. In cases of leakage at the stator can, the stator space has been examined for fluid leakage; if fluid handled has penetrated the stator space, it has been removed.

- ☐ No special safety precautions are required for further handling.
- ☐ The following safety precautions are required for flushing fluids, fluid residues and disposal:

.....

.....

We confirm that the above data and information are correct and complete and that dispatch is effected in accordance with the relevant legal provisions.

.....
Place, date and signature

.....
Address

.....
Company stamp

Index

A

Applications 9
Auxiliary connections 30

B

Bearing temperature 49
Bearings 19

C

Certificate of Decontamination 81
Clearances 50
Commissioning/start-up 37
Configuration 21
Constant level oiler 37
Coupling 50
Coupling alignment 31, 32

D

Design 19
Direction of rotation 36
Dismantling 55
Disposal 15

E

Event of damage 7
 Ordering spare parts 66
Exploded view 70, 72, 74, 76, 78
Explosion protection 24, 30, 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, 40, 43, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51

F

Faults
 Causes and remedies 68
Filter 27, 51
Final check 39
Fluid handled
 Density 45
Frequency of starts 43, 44
Function 21

G

General assembly drawing 70, 72, 74, 76, 78
Gland packing 41, 56
Grease lubrication
 Grease quality 53
 Intervals 53

I

Impeller type 19

Installation

 Installation on a foundation 25
 without foundation 26

Installation at site 24

Intended use 9

K

Key to safety symbols/markings 8

L

Leakage rate 41
Lubrication 20

M

Maintenance 48
Mechanical seal 41
Monitoring equipment 12

N

Name plate 19
Noise characteristics 22

O

Oil lubrication
 Intervals 51
 Oil quality 51
 Oil quantity 52
Operating limits 43
Order number 7
Other applicable documents 7

P

Partly completed machinery 7
Permissible forces at the pump nozzles 28
Piping 27
Preservation 14, 45
Priming and venting 39
Product code 16
Product description 16
Pump casing 19
Pure graphite packing 41

R

Reassembly 55, 58
Return to supplier 14
Returning to service 45
Running noises 48

S

- Safety 9
- Safety awareness 10
- Scope of supply 22
- Shaft seal 20
- Shutdown 45
- Spare part
 - Ordering spare parts 66
- Spare parts stock 66, 67
- Start-up 40
- Stopfbuchspackung
 - Abmessungen 61
- Storage 14, 45

T

- Temperature limits 11
- Tightening torques 64, 65
 - Shaft seal 65
- Transport 13

W

- Warnings 8
- Warranty claims 7



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